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The Bombay Gazette.

No. 28712—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, APRIL 8, 1892.

"INVALID'S PORT."
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SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	Saturday.
B.L. CARTHAGE	4279	1000	M. de Horne	9th Apr.
† SIAM	3038	580	H. T. Weigheil	16th "
B.L. CLYDE	4136	890	J. L. Parfitt	23rd "
† ASSAM	3041	500	G. W. F. Browne	30th "
B.L. ROME	5750	1200	A. B. Daniell	7th May.
† SIAM	3038	500	H.T. Weigheil	14th "
B.L. PEKIN	3909	600	P. Harris	21st "
				Friday.
† ASSAM	3038	500	G.W.F. Browne	27th May.
B.L. RAVENNA	3257	700	E. Crewe	3rd June.
† SIAM	3038	500	H. T. Weigheil	10th "
B.L. SHANNON	4077	800	C. Edwards	17th "
† ASSAM	3041	500	G. W. F. Browne.	24th "
B.L. THAMES	4078	800	W. Seaton	1st July.
† SIAM	3038	580	H. T. Weigheil	8th "
B.L. CARTHAGE	4879	1000	M. de Horne	15th "
† ASSAM	3041	500	G. W. F. Browne.	22nd "

The steamers marked B. L. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transhipthere to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare, from Brindisi to London by the Mail route, and Coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special "P. and O. Express."

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 9 a.m. on the day of sailing, or on the afternoon of the previous day.

A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at noon on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board, and only hand packages will be received.

The attention of passengers is called to the importance of having their baggage correctly labelled with port of destination.

SPECIAL STEAMER TO LONDON, CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	Tuesday, 5 p.m.
PENINSULAR	4972	1000	A. C. Loggin	19th April

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons	H.P.	Captain.	About
THAMES	4078	800	W. Seaton	21st Apr.
ROHILLA	3387	700	C. S. Tocque	5th May.
CATHAY	2383	500	A. Symons	19th "

In addition to the above, a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.

For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, March 8, 1892.

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SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

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THE well-known Steamers of this Company will sail on:

5th May. 2nd June. 30th June.

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Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, March 10, 1892.

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UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,600	750	1st May.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,600	750	1st June.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

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RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS.

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Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued to London, via Trieste at specially Reduced Rates.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI on the 5th, of each month.

ORDINARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
BERENICE	P. Meras	3,300	500	30th April.
THISBE	F. Cossovich	3,800	550	22nd May.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THIS ROUTE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE	Rs. 400	Rs. 250	Rs. 150

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	1st Class.	2nd Class,
TO TRIESTE	Rs. 700	Rs. 400

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 12th of each month.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
MARIA TERESA	R. Deperis	3,800	550	8th April.

Connecting at Colombo with the s.s. NIOBE to Madras and Calcutta, and at Singapore with the s.s. GALATEA to Sourabaya and Batavia.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

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ANCHOR LINE.

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Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail.
PERSIA	3547	R. Hutchison	19th April.
HISPANIA	3380	S. Abrey	30th April.
ROUMANIA	3387	W. S. Young	14th May.
NUBIA	3351	T. Knox	4th June.
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Apricotines and Nougatines per lb.	2	4
Sugared Almonds (French) "	2	0
Bonbons, mixed ½lb. Re. 1-8 1 lb. box	2	6
Nougat, French per box	0	8
Pralines " Rose and Vanilla per lb.	2	0
Vegetable Liqueur Comfits "	1	12
Bañat le Koum, finest quality 2 lb. box	1	10

ENGLISH SWEETS.

	Rs.	a.
Butterscotch per packet	0	6
Barley Sugar, tablets per lb.	0	12
Mixed Sweets, Almonds, &c. "	0	12
Acidulated Tablets "	0	12
Nonpareils, for cakes "	1	0
Silver Dragees "	3	0
Sugar Almonds (best English) "	1	0
Sugar Candy, best quality "	0	8
Sweets in bottles—Pear, Raspberry, Barley, Sugar, Strawberry, Mixed, &c. per bottle	0	6

N.B.—Owing to the FALL IN EXCHANGE, our Prices are INCREASED 10 Per Cent.

BOMBAY: Oriental Bank Buildings, Byculla Bridge and Cumballa Hill. PHILLIPS & CO., LD., POONA: Temple House, Camp, & Bhoodwar Peth, City.
CHEMISTS, WINE AND GENERAL IMPORT MERCHANTS AND AGENTS.

HOMEWARD BOUND PASSENGERS

WILL FIND A LARGE AND VARIED ASSORTMENT OF RELIABLE GOODS,

LOWEST PRICES,
AT
THORPE & CO.'S
IN
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

TRAVELLING SUITS, Heavy and Medium, Warm Overcoats and Ulsters.

SLEEPING SUITS, of Flannel, Silk and Wool, Ceylon Flannel, Oxford Cloth.

SHIRTS, WHITE LONG-CLOTH, Oxford, French Prints, Flannel, Silk and Ceylon Flannel, &c.

UNDERCLOTHING in every Variety—Cotton, Merino, and Lambswool.

GLOVES, Calf Lined, Ringwood, Mittens, &c. Mufflers, Silk, Cashmere, and Wool.

BEST LINEN COLLARS, Cambric Handkerchiefs, Cardigan Jackets, Ladies' and Gentlemen's, Dressing Gowns.

WOVEN CHOLERA BELTS, Feather Pillows, SCOTCH-MAUDS RUGS, and Rug Straps.

OVERLAND TRUNKS, Ladies' Dress Baskets, Solid Leather Portmanteaus and Dressing Cases.

GLADSTONE BAGS, Hand-Bags, Courier Bags, Soiled Linen Bags Cabin Dressing Bags.

LEATHER HAT CASES, Ladies' Bonnet Boxes, Travelling Baths, Fitted with Basket.

HOLD-ALLS, MONEY BELTS, Sovereign Boxes, METAL SOAP BOXES, Sponges, and Bags.

CELLULOID COLLARS, Cuffs, and Shirt Fronts, MARINE or SALT WATER SOAP.

THORPE AND CO.,
BOMBAY.

VOLKART BROTHERS, BOMBAY.
ELECTRO-TECHNICAL DEPARTMENT.
CONSULTING ELECTRICIANS,
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS
AND CONTRACTORS FOR
ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
STOCK AND SHOW ROOMS:
APOLLO HOUSE, APOLLO STREET,
BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CITY LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

Vessel.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail about
CITY OF DUNDEE	E. Halley.....	4000	....23rd April.

THIS Steamer, which is lighted throughout with the Electric Light, and has all the latest improvements, carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Two-berth Cabins on deck amidships. Punkahs and every comfort for first-class passengers. Crew entirely European. Apply to

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Bombay, 7th April, 1892. Agents.

BOMBAY EDUCATION SOCIETY'S PRESS.

MR. F. S. FAIRFIELD has been APPOINTED SUPERINTENDENT, and assumed charge as such of the above Press from this date.

JOHN A. SELLAR,
Hony. Secretary,
Bombay Education Society.
Byculla, 7th April, 1892.

NOTICE.

OUR BRANCH OFFICE in the Fort is CLOSED from this date. All Letters, &c., should be addressed to the Head Office, Byculla.

F. S. FAIRFIELD,
Superintendent, B. E. S. Press.
Byculla, 8th April, 1892.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the interest and responsibility of TYABJI SULEMANJI of Bombay, Bora Mahomedan Inhabitant, who died on the 17th April, 1891, in the firm of RAJARAM TYABJI and Co., ceased on the 28th day of February, 1892, from which date the business of the said firm has been continued under the same name by the surviving partners on their own account. —Dated this 7th day of April, 1892.

RAJARAM TYABJI & Co.

THE QUEEN SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND of Rs. 30 per Share, free of Income Tax, for the half year, ending 31st December, 1891, has been declared and made payable at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 9, Church Gate Street, Fort, on and after MONDAY, the 11th April, 1892, to Registered Shareholders, on production of Share Certificates, between the hours of 11 A.M. and 3 P.M.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
K. M. HEERAMANECK & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers, and Agents,
Queen Spinning and W. Co., Ld.
Bombay, 6th April, 1892.

NOTICE.

THERE will be offered for SALE by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Commercial Godowns, Alleppey, at 1 p.m., on MONDAY, the 23rd May, 1892, (11th Vycasy 1067), about 300 candies of TRAVANCORE CARDAMOMS in HUSK. At the same time a quantity of BEES-WAX, IVORY and DAMMER will also be sold.

For further information refer to hand-bills which can be had on application to the Commercial Agent, Alleppey, Messrs. Arbuthnot and Company, Madras, or Messrs. Wallibhoy Kaderbhoy and Company, Bombay.

T. RAMA ROW,
Dewan.
Huzur Cutchery, Trevandrum, 24th March, 1892.

SERVANTS' CLOTHING.

DARK-MAROON Cloth, at Re. 1 8 per yard.
DARK-BLUE Cloth, at ,, 1 8 ,,

Apply to

THE ELGIN MILLS,
CAWNPORE.

NOTICE is hereby given that SHANTARAM NARAYEN DABHULKER of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitant, has CONTRACTED TO SELL the undermentioned VACANT PIECE OF LAND or GROUND to WASUDEO VINAYEK MANKOBA.

All that piece or parcel of vacant land or ground situate on the West side of the Third Parsee Wadia Street, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 272 2-9 square yards, be the same little, more or less and bounded on the East by the Third Parsee Wadia Street, on the West by Plot No. 18, on the South by Plot No. 2, belonging to Devidas Vizbhookandas Nagurdas, and on the North by the Plot No. 4, belonging to Shantaram Narayen Dabulker, and which said piece of land now being described forms a portion of two pieces of land commonly called or known by the name of Amroly, and is registered in the books of the Collector of Bombay under Pension and Tax Nos. 216, and 226 and 229, and New Survey No. 7417 and 7407, and which said piece of land or ground has been and is now in the occupation of the said Shantaram Narayen Dabhulker.

All persons having or claiming any interest in the said vacant piece of land or ground by way of lease, inheritance, sale, gift, mortgage, lien, or otherwise are hereby required to make the same known in writing to Messrs. Craigie, Lynch, and Owen, at their office, in Standard Buildings, Hornby Row, within the Fort of Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, as otherwise the purchase will be completed without regard to any such claims.—Dated this 7th day of April, 1892.

CRAIGIE, LYNCH, AND OWEN,
Solicitors for the Purchaser.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, Empress of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of GOCULDASS CHASON, late of Visnagar, in the Gaekwar Territory, Hindoo Inhabitant, deceased.

NAROTUM GOCULDASS, son of the said deceased ..... Petitioner.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed Deceased, are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness SIR CHARLES SARGENT, Kt., Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, the 4th Day of April, in the Year of our Lord, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-Two, and in the Fifty-Fifth Year of our Reign.

G. H. FARRAN,
Acting Registrar.

The Seal of the High Court at Bombay

L. N. BANAJI.
The 4th Day of April, 1892.

Messrs. CHALK, WALKER, & SMETHAM,
Petitioner's Attornies.

F. S. MADON & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS,

Have always on hand pure Drugs, Chemical Patent Medicines and Druggists' Sundries from the Manufacturers direct, and are in a position to execute all Orders upon the best terms.

Special Terms to Hospitals, Dispensaries, and Merchants.

A TRIAL ORDER IS SOLICITED.

Up-Country orders carefully and promptly executed.

F. S. MADON & CO.,
NEAR JOOMA MUSJID, BOMBAY.

SCOTT AND Co., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion Rs. 5, Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 25 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard Single, Rs. 15; double, Rs. 20. The Horse-shoeing Forge is under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and every class of shoeing is done.

CARPETS AND SHAWLS.

DAVEE SAHAI CHUMBA MULL,
AMRITSAR.

Manufacturers of Persian, Turkish and other Oriental Carpets to Her Majesty the Queen-Empress,

And by Special Appointment to
H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES,
H. R. H. THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH,
H. R. H. THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT,
H. I. H. THE CZAREWITCH OF RUSSIA,
H. E. THE VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA.

DAVEE SAHAI CHUMBA MULL'S Carpets are unrivalled. Their stock of Designs is very unique, and their colours are guaranteed to be fast and entirely free from any line. Upwards of 120 Looms are in full work, and more about to be added.

The Carpet manufactory is under the superintendence of Mr. H. B. Blake.

Tourists and Visitors to Amritsar should not fail to pay a visit to this manufactory.

And also to their Show-Rooms for Shawls, Rampore Chudders, Phulkaries, Kashmir Silver, Copper and Papier-Machie work, Ivory work, Hoshiarpore Ivory Inlaid Woodwork, etc., for which they are renowned.

The Establishment of Davee Sahai Chumba Mull is the oldest and largest in Amritsar. Their Goods are Guaranteed to be Genuine.

Prices Reasonable and Fixed. Terms Strictly Cash, or V. P. Post. Price List *free* on Application.

All Orders and Letters should be addressed "CHUMBA MULL" only.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this scale.

ELECTRO-PLATED CRUET FRAMES.—Best Triple Silver Plate, Cut Glass Bottles, Rs. 15, 20, 25 and 30. Egg Frames, with Spoons, Rs. 30, 35, 45 and 60. Ice Pails with Servers, Rs. 18, and all other articles of plate for Table and Ornamental use at similar low prices.—MARCKS and Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

J. NEUBERG, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY, Sole Agent for Basel Mission Hand-made Table Linen, Towels, Tweeds, &c. ALL goods delivered here at Manufactory prices.

CHILDREN'S COTS.—All sizes and prices. A well assorted consignment, just landed.—JOHN ROBERTS and Co., Ld., 18, Marine Street.

EXTRACTS out of numerous testimonials of Batliwala's AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE. Surg-Maj. Jaykar:—It is a safe and reliable remedy. Surg-Maj. Reporter:—I have found it very efficacious. J. Y. Lang, Esq., (Dep. Grand Master of all Scottish Freemasonry in India):—Derived immediate benefit from its use. C. Greengrass, Esq., Contractor, Tanna Water-Works:—Found it of wonderful efficacy in every case. P. J. Daily, Esq, Chief Guard, S.-M. Railway:—It is really a dying man's Gold drop. Send your orders to Dr. H. L. BATLIWALA, Dadur, Bombay. May also be had of Kemp & Co.; Phillips & Co., &c., at Re. 1.

IMPORTANT TO ICE FACTORIES.—A first-class ENGINEER having long experience in the Ice Manufacturing line is prepared to undertake on very moderate terms supervision, the repairs and erections of Ice Machines. Apply to "F. C. E.," 38, Gunbow Street, Fort, Bombay.

DANISH BUTTER, best Brand, 1 lb. tins, each, Re. 1-4; 2 lb. tins, each, Rs. 2; Cheese Double Gloscester, per lb. As. 14.—PEARSE and Co., Bombay.

A STUDIO and its FURNITURE.—A large Camera with Lens 25 by 30, quite new, very complete, A travelling photographic tent, quite new. For sale. Apply to A. MIRZA ALLY & Co., East Street, Poona.

WANTED, a LADY to take charge of 2 CHILDREN to London or Liverpool, in return for free passage. Apply "G. K.," care of Messrs. KING, KING and Co., Bombay.

SPARE AMMUNITION for No. 2 AIR-GUN Bullets 1,000, Rs. 2-8; 1 dozen Darts, Rs. 1-8; Springs, Rs. 3. Spare Ammunition for No. 3 Air Gun 500 Bullets Rs. 2; 1 dozen Darts, Rs. 2; Spring replaced, Rs. 3. —STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

ROSARY CASES, carved on Cocoa, As. 8.—CATHOLIC BOOK DEPOT, opposite General Post Office, Fort, Bombay.

SIMLA JAMS for SALE for cash. RASPBERRY and STRAWBERRY, Re. 1-12; CAPE GOOSEBERRY and APRICOT, Re. 1-10, per 2 lb. tin.—ROGERS and Co., Hummum Street.

ONE OF THE GREATEST OF MISERIES IN LIFE is having bad servants. Oh! do try PAT O'CONNELL & Co., and be relieved. Efficiency and success guaranteed. 46, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

BEST LEATHER, STRONG, AND NEAT WORKMANSHIP, Solid Double Leather Trunk, Mr. A. Landale's Pattern 32" by 20" by 10" Re. 45; Single Harness Brass Mount Rs. 30, Double Harness Rs. 60; Hunting Saddle complete, Rs. 20. Apply to RAM LALL BROTHERS, formerly Dunkee Lall and Sons, Cawnpore.

BIJOU LAMPS, in Silver, Oxydised with Gold, Silver-plated or Majolica, with Lovely Silk Shades. The prettiest Lamps for Presentation.—LAMP WAREHOUSE, F. DITMAR, late Theodor Knaust, 69, Esplanade Road.

HOP-ALE, Ginger-Ale, Raspberryade, Gingerade, Lemonade, Tonic Water, and Seltzer, 12 Annas per dozen.—ROGERS and Co., Hummum Street.

CARRIAGES ON HIRE.—First-Class and very Comfortable CARRIAGES of all kinds, with excellent Horses, can be had on Hire by Day or Month at the LIVERY STABLE of Mr. PESTONJEE EDULJEE SHROFF, Picket Road, Bombay. A Trial Solicited.

NAGUR'S WORLD RENOWNED Patent Fire-Proof Safes and Chests. SAFES for Sale and Hire. Repairs carefully and efficiently executed. New and Old Safes exchanged or sold on commission. New and Second-hand English Safes of all makers.—NAGURDAS PURBHOODAS, 62, Apollo Street, Fort.

F. BAULCH, PIANOFORTE TUNER and REPAIRER, 3 years to T. R. H. Duke and Duchess of Connaught. Pianos FOR SALE, Church Gate Street. Tunings Rs. 3.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED —Comfortable PHAETON and TONGA DAWKS from POONA to MAHABLESHWAR, also from WATHAR to MAHABLESHWAR, can be obtained at reasonable rates from BURJORJEE PEROSHAW, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier to H. E. the Governor of Bombay and Staff.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business ANNOUNCEMENTS, BILL FORMS, BOOKS, PAMPHLETS, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude and at lowest rates. Special terms for large contracts. Apply to "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady, trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms, apply to "B. L. A.," care of Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., Rampart Row.

THE STANDARD NEW ASSURANCES in 1890 were £1,572,248, the Largest Record in the Annals of this Company. Apply SECRETARY, Standard Life Office, Bombay and Calcutta.

TO LET.—A comfortable House, suitable for one or two Bachelors, in the vicinity of the Byculla Club.—ROGERS and Co., Hummum Street.

TO LET, at Mahableshwar, "RED CASTLE," Commodious, Facing West, Newly Furnished. Splendid view. Apply to M. PANDIT, Borobundar.

FALCON BRAND Varnishes, White Lead, White Zinc, Paints and Colors of all sorts—direct from the Manufacturers, WILKINSON HEYWOOD AND CLARK. Bombay Depot, Jaha Mahal, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay.

FALCON OXIDISED ENAMEL in all colors for Baths, Wicker-work, Bird-cages, Tables, Chairs, Ironwork Brackets, Bicycles, &c. The best yet offered to the public.—KEMP and Co., Limited, Bombay. Tint cards on application.

REPAIRS TO CHRONOMETERS, WATCHES, CLOCKS, MUSICAL BOXES, &c., &c., complicated or plain, executed promptly and carefully; holding numerous high TESTIMONIALS.—CURSETJEE COWASJEE, G. I. P. Ry. Watch-maker, No. 42, Medows Street.

SPONGES.—A beautiful Selection of Toilet and Bathing Sponges just to hand, at very moderate prices. PISTIS & PELEKANOS, Egyptian Cigarette Manufacturers and General Tobacconists, 6, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

LANOWLI HOTEL.—Situated on best site, near Post Office. Only 5 minutes' walk from Station. Rooms, Board, and Lodging excellent; under European Management. For Terms, &c., apply to the Proprietor, S. BOMANJI.

LADIES' DRAB DOE SKIN GAUNTLET GLOVES, Rs. 4 nett, for Riding, &c., special value or V. P. Post.—BADHAM, PILE and Co., Ld., Bombay.

ILLUMINATIONS FOR FESTIVITIES!!! The Portable Electric Light Installation of the "Bombay Gazette" has been renewed and enlarged, and is available for lighting up Public Entertainments, Wedding Festivities, &c. Apply to the ELECTRICIAN, "Bombay Gazette."

ESTABLISHED IN A. D. 1888.

S. N. GHOSH'S COMPOUND DECOCTION
SARSAPARILLA.

THIS preparation has been prescribed with great success in cases of Weakness, Scurvy, Scrofula, Rheumatic Affections, Sore-eyes and all other diseases arising from impurities of the blood. Price: Re. 1-8 per phial, packing, As. 4; Dozen, Rs. 15.

WONDERFUL RHEUMATIC OIL, S. N. G.'S.

It is a valuable remedy in Rheumatism, Lumbago Sciatica, Rheumatic Gout, etc., of any standing. Price Re. 1 per phial; packing, As. 2; Dozen, Rs. 10.

SPLEEN MIXTURE, S. N. G.'S.

Is one of the best and most reliable medicines for Spleen Enlargement, and never fails to give relief. Price; Re. 1-4 per phial; packing, As. 2; Dozen, Rs. 12.

S. N. GHOSH, Chemist,
No. 85, Bechoo Chatterjee Street, Calcutta.

HAND-BOOK
OF
GIRAS AND GUARANTEE,

BEING a Compilation of Decisions, &c., on questions regarding giras, wanta and other guaranteed rights with an introductory account of the settlements in Kathiawar, Mahikantha and Rewakantha, together with Appendices and a Copious Index.

To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Press, Bombay. The Gujarat Vernacular Society, Ahmedabad.

PRICE..... Rs. 6.
Packing & Postage Extra.

NOTICES.

PRINTING PAPERS Manufactured by Messrs. JOHN DICKINSON and Co., London, specially for Indian Markets.

To-day's issue of the *Bombay Gazette* is printed on J. D. & Co.'s LION BRAND ORANGE LABEL, Glazed Quality Printings

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS are invited for the construction of a new BRICK CHIMNEY and subsidiary works for the Morarji Gokaldas Mill, Supari Bag Road, Parel. The Plan, Estimates, and form of Tender can be seen at our office.

Sealed Tenders to be sent to our office, not later than 1 p.m., of SATURDAY, the 9th instant.

The Agents, Messrs. Morarji Gokaldas and Co., do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

GOSTLING AND MORRIS.
1, Dalal Street.

BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

TENDER FOR COCOANUT OIL.

TENDERS are invited and will be received by the Agent, at his office, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay, up to 1 P.M. (Gunfire), on MONDAY, the 11th April, 1892, for the SUPPLY of about 160 tons of COCOANUT COCHIN OIL for the Broad Gauge Section of this Railway, according to approved sample, for the year ending 31st December, 1892. Supplies to commence immediately after contract is signed.

2. Form of Tender and conditions of contract on which tenders will be received, may be obtained from the Storekeeper, Parel, on payment of Rs. 2.

3. Tenders should be superscribed "Tender for Cocoanut Oil" and a deposit of Rs. 1,000 must accompany each tender, on acceptance of which, a further deduction of 10 per cent will be made from each payment, till the total deposit amounts to 10 per cent of the total amount of accepted tender, as security for the due fulfilment of the contract. Government Paper or other securities to be endorsed in favor of the B. B. and C. I. Ry. Company.

4. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

S. A. DUIGAN,
Storekeeper.
Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 28th March, 1892.

SEVEN PER CENT. DEBENTURE BONDS.

SECURED by a first charge upon the Murree Brewery Company's fine Properties and Estates in Northern India. Its Contracts are with the Government of India for supply of Beer to the Troops up to 1897.

Half-yearly Coupons payable to bearer are attached to the Bonds.

The Shareholders' last Balance Sheet shews the Company's entire Liabilities to be less than half the value of their properties.

Thus:—Securities and Assets..... Rs. 35,84,182 5 11
Liabilities only..... Rs. 17,02,149 1 8
Balance in favour of Debentures..... Rs. 18,82,033. 4 3

A few of these Bonds, Rs. 500 each, are now available at 7½ per cent. premium, which gives a handsome return to Investors.

Cheques on Bombay, Calcutta, and Madras accepted free of charge.

Apply to

COMMERCIAL AND LAND MORTGAGE BANK, LIMITED.
MADRAS OR RAWAL PINDEE.
MESSRS. BERRY AND COMPANY,
Bill and Stock Brokers.—MADRAS.
March 1892.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO COTTON MERCHANTS AND THEIR AGENTS.

I, the Undersigned, have just OPENED a COTTON GINNING FACTORY at Palitana, the best Cotton-producing Centre in Kattyawar.

Almost all the Cotton Produce pass through my hands, and I can, therefore, purchase the best Cotton on Moderate Commission.

Cotton Merchants and their Agents are requested to send for samples first and then order their Purchase.

Further Particulars can be had on application to

OOSMAN JAMALL,
Owner, Palitana Cotton Ginning Factory, Kattyawar.

J. NEUBERG,
MEDOWS STREET,
BOMBAY.

NEW SHIPMENT OF
TRICHINOPOLY
CIGARS & CHEROOTS.

Respectful attention is requested to present Stocks, which are simply unapproachable as regards QUALITY and CONDITION.

☞ Parcels for Friends, at Home, made up on shortest possible Notice.

SPECIAL REGARD FOR DUTIABLE WEIGHTS.

FLOR DE JAVAS.

Not to be confounded with so-called JAVAS obtaining elsewhere. These are the ONLY ORIGINAL JAVAS,

FREE DRAUGHT,

SPLENDID CONDITION,

PUREST TOBACCO.

ROYALS	Rs.	4	0 Per 100
TRABUCOS	,,	3	12 ,,
COQUETAS	,,	3	8 ,,

Please compare Sizes and Quality with other so-called JAVAS.

FLOR DE SUMATRA CIGARS.

No. 1	Rs.	4	0 Per 100
,, 2	,,	3	12 ,,

Special attention is invited to these particularly Choice Cigars.

MALTA CIGARS.
"SPOTTED CABANAS."
VERY CHOICE
REAL BURMAHS
AND
REAL HAVANNAH CIGARS
BY DIRECT IMPORTATION.

J. NEUBERG,
MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

MACLEAN'S
GUIDE TO BOMBAY
AND
BOMBAY DIRECTORY
FOR
1892.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED
At the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE.
INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 5; with Postage, Rs. 5-4.

THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1892, contains much new and valuable information brought down to date, and gives the history of the remarkable progress made by the city in recent years.

While recording the advance that has been made in the commerce and manufacturing industry of Bombay the GUIDE gives a comprehensive account of the numerous charitable institutions of the different communities, and accurate and detailed descriptions of the many public buildings which have been completed during the year.

THE BOMBAY DIRECTORY

Has been carefully enlarged, verified, and revised up to the day of going to Press. Valuable information has been added, and special care has been taken that the local information shall meet the wants of commercial men and the general public.

To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Albert Buildings, Esplanade, Fort.

"TRUSTWORTHY" HELMETS AND SUN HATS.

"EXTRA LIGHT" HELMETS, Covered Drab Felt,
Cash or V. P. P..... Rs. 10 0

"SHIKAR or HUNTING Sun Hats, Brown Canvas,
Cash or V. P. P..... ,, 5 0

LADIES' PITH HATS, with Puggree,
Cash or V. P. P..... ,, 5 0

BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld.,
BOMBAY.

SPENCER & CO.'S CIGARS.

PROPRIETARY BRANDS:—

SALISBURYS,	GOLD MOHURS,	SIESTAS,
BEACONFIELDS,	IMPERIALS,	MAYOS,
TORPEDOS,	LITTLE RANDOLPHS,	SUMATRAS,

NOTICE:—SPENCER & Co.'s FACTORY at Dindigul is the LARGEST and MOST COMPLETE CIGAR FACTORY IN INDIA. All their Cigars are made from Picked Material, under trained European Management, and they have no hesitation in stating that their Productions are unequalled by any in India.

PROCURABLE FROM ALL THE PRINCIPAL CIGAR DEALERS THROUGHOUT INDIA.

CIGAR DRYING BOTTLES.

These Bottles are made with hollow stoppers, in which is placed a bag of lime for absorbing moisture. They are much appreciated by smokers in damp climates, and during the monsoon, for keeping Cigars in smoking condition.

Diameter at base, 7 in.
Height, including stopper, 11 in.,
Price Rs. 5-0 nett.

SPECIAL PRICES FOR DEALERS WHICH CAN BE OBTAINED ON APPLICATION.

CIGARS OF ANY SIZE OR SHAPE CAN BE MADE TO ORDER.

SPENCER & CO.,
HEAD OFFICE:—MADRAS.

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

PAID-UP CAPITAL—£800,000.
RESERVE FUND—£300,000.

HEAD OFFICE:
HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

INTEREST ALLOWED
On CURRENT ACCOUNTS at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balances up to Rs. 1,00,000.
On FIXED DEPOSITS for
12 months at 4 per cent. per annum.
6 ,, 3 ,, ,,
3 ,, 2 ,, ,,

All Letters should be addressed, and Remittances made Payable to THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

J. B. LEE,
Acting Agent.

NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, LIMITED.

PAID-UP CAPITAL..... £ 607,229
REST ..... ,, 20,000

LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
BANK OF SCOTLAND.

DEPOSITS are received at the undermentioned Rates of Interest:—

FIXED, for 12 months ..... 4½ per cent. per annum
INTEREST at 2 per cent. is allowed on current accounts, daily balances not exceeding Rs. 50,000.
DRAFTS granted on London, Scotland, and Ireland and the Bank's Agencies in the East.

SECURITIES received for Custody; NO COMMISSION CHARGED ON WITHDRAWAL. Interest and Dividends collected and the purchase and sale of Securities effected.

A Baggage and Agency Department in London has been added for the convenience of Eastern Constituents, and a West End Branch has been opened at 25, Cockspurs St., Trafalgar Square.

A. F. SIMPSON,
Manager.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$	100,00,000
Reserve Fund	$	63,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$	100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

F. DE BOVIS, *Chief Manager.*

London Bankers.—LONDON and COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

LONDON COMMITTEE:

ALBERT DEACON, Esq., (of Messrs. E. & A. Deacon).
E. F. DUNCANSON, Esq., (of Messrs. T. A. Gibb & Co).
WM. KESWICK, Esq., (of Messrs. Jardine Matheson & Co.)
DAVID MACLEAN, Esq., 31, Lombard Street, E. C.
WM. ANASTATIUS JONES, Esq., (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited)

THOMAS JACKSON } Managers.
EWEN CAMERON }

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI

AMOY.	HANKOW	PENANG.
BANGKOK.	HIOGO.	SAIGON.
BATAVIA.	ILOILO.	SAN FRANCISCO
BOMBAY.	LYONS.	SINGAPORE.
CALCUTTA.	MANILA.	TIENTSIN.
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	YOKOHAMA
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	

BOMBAY AGENCY.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 1 Per Cent. on Daily Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000.

Money taken on Deposit for fixed Periods on terms to be learnt on Application.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

DAVID JACKSON,
Agent.
40, Church Gate Street, Bombay, and at 31, Dalhousie Square, South, Calcutta.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published Weekly on the departure of English Mail, 28 Pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week carefully arranged; Army Orders, &c. Indian Subscription, Rs. 12 per year, free of postage. English Subscription, Rs. 17 per year, including postage.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK of INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£	1,000,000.
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£	500,000.
RESERVE FUND	£	100,000.

HEAD OFFICE:
47, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.
BRANCHES:
CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KARACHI, DELHI, RANGOON, AND MANDALAY.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances when the sum at credit exceeds Rs. 1,000.

DEPOSITS are received for Fixed Periods at Rates of Interest which may be ascertained on application.

BILLS of EXCHANGE payable in the Principal Cities of Europe, India, and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day on the Bank's Head Office and Branches, also on Provincial Towns in Great Britain, on Paris and on the Chief Towns in Australia and New Zealand; and, when required, the Bank will forward he First of Exchange to the payees, free of charge. Remittances may also be sent by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

E. TAGLIABUE & CO.,
MASSAUA, RED SEA.

AGENTS for the NATIONAL Bank of ITALY.
AGENTS for the FLORIO RUBATTINO Co.,
COAL CONTRACTORS for the British R. Navy.

CARDIFF COAL supplied for the present year at 30/6 free in bunkers.

LANDING CONTRACTORS, at 12 annas per ton, despatching up to 300 tons daily, and 3 annas per ton of cargo from the hold into boats. Telegraphic address—TAGLIABUE, MASSAUA.

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CAV. DEL TUFO, ITALIAN PHOTOGRAPHY,
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Quarter Plate ..... 2 Annas per Copy.
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Other Sizes in Proportion.
Developing and Retouching also at a very Moderate Rate.

THE Undersigned keeps in Stock MISCELLANEOUS STORES for immediate Supply, such as Mills, Ship and Railway Stores, Hardware, Ammunition, Sulphur, Blasting Powder, Fuses, Lead, Lead, Turpentine, Brushes, Pig Lead, all sorts of Paints, Oil, Varnishes, Ropes of best quality and all sizes, Kerosine Oil, of the well-known Brands, Cocoanut Oil, Castor Oil, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

FOR SALE.

SNOW FLAKE KEROSINE OIL 150°, arrived.
Orders for large and small quantities will be attended to.

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i. e., HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM and Co.,
Agents for Messrs. Curtis's and Harvey's Gun Powder and Blasting Powder.

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ON THE MODERN TREATMENT OF NERVOUS DISEASES and EXHAUSTION IN MEN by LOCAL ABSORPTION, with Testimonials, showing how to obtain a speedy and permanent restoration, without stomach medicines. POST FREE.

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HOLBORN, LONDON, W. C., ENGLAND.

INDIAN INDUSTRY,
Being a reprint of two letters to the "Bombay Gazette," and a Lecture by
F. BEAUCLERK,
Price 8 Annas,
CAN BE HAD AT
THE OFFICE OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."
Messrs. THACKER and Co., Bombay and Poona.
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WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

NOTICE.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON AND Co., Bombay, are now supplying 149 Military Messes and 38 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES from the following well-known Houses:—

PAGE AND SANDEMAN.	Pall Mall, London
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J. SACCONE	Gibraltar.
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J. & R. GRANT	Rothes.
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GENUINE AND PURE WINES.
Selected and Shipped by BLANDY BROS. & Co., of London.
MADEIRAS—From the Celebrated "Blandy" Stock.
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HOCKS—From Meyer & Coblenz, Bingen-am-Rhein.
WHISKIES, SCO.—From Pattison, Elder & Co., Leith.
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GENTLEMEN'S SILVER CIGAR AND CIGARETTE CASES AND MATCH BOXES

Of the best European Design and Manufacture, in plain, engraved or artistically chased Cases, most suitable for presentation.

Cigar cases, Rs. 75; Cigarette cases, Rs. 40, 45 and 50; Match Boxes, Rs. 8, 15, and 20.

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BOMBAY AND POONA.

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For fresh and pure Sweets and Chocolates of sorts for Birthday, Christening or Wedding Cakes, Artistically decorated.

For Dainties, Fancy Confectionery, and choicest Tit-Bits, for good Ices Water or Cream and Ice Pudding and other 1,001 Delicacies,

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BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	100	Rs. 25	1,001½
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	9 pr. ct.	1,000xd
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	6 pr. ct.	890
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	12½
Charter Bank	40,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£28
Char. Mercantile	30,000	£25	£25	5 pr. ct.	300
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80	$125	all	15 pr. ct.	£53—
National Bank of India	37,320	£25	£12½	6 pr. ct.	180
New Oriental Bank	50,000	£10	all	6 pr. ct.	110
Silver Share	—	—	—	—	70

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad	600	1,500	1,000	90	1,400
Alliance	1,500	100	all	Rs. 20	485
Anglo-Indian	9,345	100	100	5	74
Bellary S & W Co. Ld. (Bellary)	871	500	all	9 per.ct.	500
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	75	805
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co.	600	500	500	20	300xd
Bombay National Manfg. Co., Ld.	500	1,000	1,000	..	440 nom
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	30	401
Central India	3,750	500	500	40	995
China Mills Co. Ld.	800	1,000	1,000	Nil	500
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,075
Commercial Mills	600	500	50	10 pr.ct.	670
Colaba Land & Mill	4,000	700	700	30	637
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	470
Coral Mills Co. Ld.	5,698	100	100	50	430
David Mill	1,400	500	500	Rs. 20	435xd
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	980
Empress	2,100	500	500	10 pr.ct.	595
Framjee Petit	1,250	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	510
Gordon Mills	2,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	125
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	760
Hinguphat Mill	700	500	500	40	660
Howard and Bullough	1,500	500	500	25	630
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	950
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	..	370
Indian Manfg.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,000
James Greaves	1,100	500	53	10 pr.ct.	625
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500	Nil.	340
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,800	250	250	12½	210
Jewraz Baiso.	1,000	1,000	1,000	30	795
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld.	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	500 xd
Khandesh	750	1,000	1,000	30	675
Khangam Manfg. Co	400	250	250	Nil.	640
Khatao Maokunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	540
Leopold	3,500	100	100	15 pr.ct.	181
Lord Reay Mfg	445	1,000	1,000	35	700
Lukmidas Spinning &Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	1010
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	100	2175
Mahaluxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil.	420
Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulburga)	2,400	500	500	15 pr.ct.	500nom
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	Rs 70	1500
Mazagon	5,000	250	250	6	125
Morarji Goculdas	1,050	1,000	1,000	70	1,781
Maharaja Mysore S & M Co	4,500	100	100	7 pr.ct.	10
Madura Mills	7,779	100	100	Nil.	pa
National	560	1,000	1,000	Nil.	161
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	710
Oriental	5,725	625	625	Rs. 12½	425
Presidency Mills Co (Ld.)	743	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1235
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	680
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	1165
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	..	1,451
Sholapore Mills	600	1,000	1,000	..	1,020
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	3	490
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Nil.	100nom
Southern Mahratta	1,212	250	250	12½	290
Sun Mills, Ld.	1,300	250	25	7	215
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	20	490
Swadeshi Mills	3,000	500	500	Rs. 20	510
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co	900	1,000	1,000	Nil.	675
Victoria Mills	350	1,000	1,000	25	360
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	720
Wadia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	..	700

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

			Last half-yearly guar.		
G. I. P. Consolidated Stock	..	£100	all	5 p.c	2,40
B. & C. I. R. New £18 shares	..	£ 18	..	do.	43

PRESS COMPANIES.

				Yearly	
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	75	1,100
Albert Ginning Co	100	500	all	18 pr.ct.	450
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	90	810
Apollo	750	2,400	2,300	Nil.	205
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	575
Bombay Cotton Press Co	1,000	125	125	10	120
Breul's Cawnpore Press Co Ld	500	200	200	16	115
Colaba	500	1,880	1,880	45 dvd	32
East India	350	1,000	1,000	130	1,425
English Press and Manfg.	400	250	..	Rs. 20	177½
Fort	515	2,500	2,500	100	975
French	300	500	all	50	535
Harvey and Sabapathy	450	500	500	50	450x1
Hengoli Press Co, Ld	750	400	all	32½	137½
Khangaum	240	450	450	63	470
Mahmadpura Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld	300	500	500	pr. ct.	500
Mercantile	1,000	125	125	Rs. 10	80 xd
Motisali Co	3,125	400	400	Rs. 40	427½
Munmar M	1,000	250	all	Rs. 35	250
New Berar	1,200	500	500	55	580
New Indian	4,000	125	125	Rs. 12½	112½
Prince of Wales	00	500	500	20	370
Sabapathy (Bellary)	500	500	500	75	20
Sassoon	300	500	500	25	500
Sind and Punjab Co	100	1,000	1,000	135	1,150
Sind	400	2,000	750	35	445
Sorab Woollen Mills	1,200	250	250	75	210
Volkart	..	..	1,000	Rs. 100	910

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Last Dividend.	
Alcock Ashdown	1,000	200	200	10	250
	750	50	150	7½	195
Back Bay Baths	600	50	50	12	40
Badham Pile	5,000	100	100	12	105
Bapty Brothers	6,625	200	185	18	42
Berar Oil Mills Co., Limited	1,250	100	all	Nil.	100no n
Bombay Fire Insurance	600	2,500	1,000	75	1,015
Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	270	3,775
Do. New Issue	500	375	62	67½	90
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	ex div 2	79
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	400	500	500	3 pr.ct.	630
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000	500	500	Rs. 37½	88
Deccan Ice Co.	1,170	100	100	4 pr.ct.	15
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	5 pr.ct.	385
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	1,500	200	200	Rs. 14	122½
Geyer & Co., Ld.	500	100	70	..	70 nom
Indian Guarantee Surety Ship Assn	5,000	100	10	10 pr.ct.	18
John Roberts & Co.	1,500	100	100	10 pr.ct.	101
Kemp & Co.	4,000	200	175	26	310
Kurrachee Handing	500	500	30	30	101
Maharanee Ice Manufacturing Co.	3,500	100	100	Nil.	40
Marcks & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	Rs. 10	101
Napier Hosiery Co.	2,000	100	100	9 pr.ct.	58xd
Napier Foundry	1,000	100	200	..	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	12 pr.ct.	175
Oriental Loan	5,000	20	20	8 pr.ct.	15
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	7 pr.ct.	86
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,000	1,000	20	450
Prince of Wales Fire In.	250	8,000	1,000	N dvd.	2,350
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	..	20
Soundy & Co.	12,000	100	100	9	80
Southwell and Austin, Ld.	Ord. 1,000	100	100	5 pr.ct.	50
Do.	Prf. 1,000	100	100	10 pr.ct.	100
Treacher & Co.	2,000	500	all	85	160
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100	10	100
Telephone Co.	2,200	25	2	5-8	19½

PRICES OF BULLION, &c

English Bar Gold	Rs.	25
China Lee	"	24-10 Nominal.
Pekin, Bar Gold old	"	23-12 "
Do. do. new	"	24 "
Australia do.	"	24-10
Bombay do.	"	25-11
English Sovereigns	"	15-11
Do. Drazos	"	15-10-6
Bar Silver 17 Betterness	"	106-9
Do. 17½ do.	"	106-11
Carolas Dollars	"	224 Nominal.
Mexican do.	"	222 "
Five-Francs	"	305 "

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Alcock, Ashdown and Company's Meeting, 5 p.m.
Music at the Yacht Club, 6 p.m.
University Hall, Conversazione in Honour of Sir Raymond West, 9 p.m.
Skating Rink, 11 a.m. to 11 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday:—Hoseinee (s), from Busreh; Inchbara (s), Port Said; Bombay (s), Port Said; Taif (s), Mauritius; Arroyo (s), London, &c.; and Wileysike (s), Rangoon.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Singapore (s), for Genoa, &c.; Baghdad (s), Calcutta, &c.; and Masonic (s), Port Said.

POLO.—There will be a game to-day, at 5 o'clock.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Teheran entered the dock on Wednesday, and the s. s. Hoseinee and Arrayo yesterday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The s. s. Wastwater entered and the s. s. Singapore and Idar left the dock on Wednesday.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Singapore and Hongkong, per extra s. s. Thibet, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 6 p.m., on Friday, the 8th instant.

POSTAL NOTICE.—With effect from the 8th April, 1892, the charges on Foreign Money Orders and British Postal Orders will be regulated by Schedule 37, viz., 1s. 3d. per rupee.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Karachi, Sind, Verawal, Mangrole, Porbunder, and K. Mandwi, per extra s. s. Pachumba, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 8 a.m., Saturday, the 9th instant.

Y. M. C. A. LECTURES.—Mr. S. Tomlinson, C. E., of the Bombay Municipality, is to deliver a lecture on the Bombay Water-Works, at the Y. M. C. A. Rooms, Apollo Bunder, this evening, at 8-30 p.m.

THE ELPHINSTONE CLUB.—At the twenty-fourth annual general meeting of the Elphinstone Club, held last Wednesday, at the rooms of the Club, Victoria Buildings, Mr. Jamsetjee Cursetjee Cama was unanimously elected president. This Club is one of the oldest in Bombay, and has about thirty-five members, of whom no fewer than twenty-five hold her Majesty's Commission of the Peace. Mr. J. C. Cama is also one of the hon. secretaries of the Ripon Club.

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—The Band of the King's Own Yorkshire Light infantry, Mr. A. A. Wilson, bandmaster, will play the following programme, at the Royal Bombay Yacht Club, this evening, at 6 o'clock:—

March.....Sutlej.....Anon.
Overture.....Silvana.....Weber.
Valse.....Promenaden.....Gung'l.
Cavatina....Anna Bolena.....Donizetti.
Selection....La Basoche.....Messager.
Polka.....The Nightingale.....Moos.
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

WEARY OF LIFE.—An inquest was held on the body of Hurry Visram, aged 21 years, a mill-hand, at the J. J. Hospital, yesterday, by Dr. Blaney, the City Coroner. Deceased being in debt became very despondent and consequently neglected his work in the mill, which necessitated his discharge after receiving his salary. Weary of his existence he resolved to put an end to his life, and carried out his resolution by purchasing half a tola of opium, which he dissolved in water. After drinking the mixture he was found in an unconscious condition, and removed to the hospital where he succumbed to the fatal effects of the dose. The jury returned a verdict that the death of the deceased was due to opium, which he administered to himself.

A FALSE COMPLAINT.—Bundari Prasad Bhoweni Prasad, a watchman, yesterday appeared before Mr. W. R. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, at the Girgaum Police Courts, and complained of being violently assaulted by Govind Babaji and Balloo Wittoo, against whom he preferred a charge of theft of Rs. 60, in currency notes. It would appear that complainant in resenting the attack upon him, which originated in a quarrel at a water-pipe, proceeded to Inspector Nelmes, to whom he appears to have related a story that was completely unfounded. After being struck, he said, his money was stolen from his pocket by the prisoners. This assertion was denied by the complainants' witnesses, whose evidence conclusively proved that he was not wearing a coat or waistcoat as alleged. The Magistrate, in disposing of the case, discharged the prisoners and imposed the penalty of Rs. 25 upon the complainant for making a false complaint.

A DARING ACT OF BURGLARY.—At the Esplanade Police Courts yesterday, before Mr. W. Webb, Third Presidency Magistrate, Jewanji Adamji, a Borah shopkeeper, Mahomed Ally Karimbhoy, and Rasul Kadar, two notorious characters, were charged by Inspector Hack, with housebreaking and theft in respect of property, valued at about Rs. 1,000 and belonging to Dulpatram Jaithabai and five others. The offences were perpetrated in several localities in the town during the last two months, and the operations were carried out by the prisoners in an audacious manner. They entered the warehouses in broad day-light, abstracted an enormous quantity of goods, and carried it away. In other cases the goods were similarly transported from verandahs of various houses. This property consisted of bales of yarn, boxes containing lamps, chimneys, and globes, packets of ivory and lamp black, and six hundred dozen reels of machine thread. The promptitude and decision of the police officers in their investigations led to the recovery of the major portion of the property. The Magistrate, in convicting the accused, sentenced the first to undergo hard labour for twelve months, the second to six months, and the third, who had several charges, to a term of nine months.

THE LATE R. R. NARSINRAM JAYSHANKER.—An occasional correspondent writes:—A meeting of the Hindu friends and admirers of the late R. R. Narsinram Jayshankar, Abkari Inspector, Broach, whose untimely death was announced last week, was recently held at Broach, at the invitation of R. R. Kishordass Hargovandass Pleader, Sheth Bhaktidass Bhagwandass Shroff, and Dr. Kevalram Premanand. The object was to adapt measures to perpetuate the memory of one who though not a native of Broach had within the short period he was there made many friends and did useful work to ameliorate the condition of the natives. The meeting was attended by the principal Hindu officers, pleaders, merchants, and others. Rao Bahadur Chunilal Venilal, Pensioned Deputy Collector, Honorary Magistrate, and Vice-President of the Municipality, occupied the chair. Suitable speeches eulogising the services of the deceased gentleman were made and a committee consisting of Rao Bahadur Chunilal Venilal, ex-Chairman, Rao Saheb Chunilal Dulpatram Kavishwar, Sub.-Judge, R.-R. Kishordas Hargovindas Pleader, Sheth Bhaktidass Bhagwandass Shroff, merchant, Dr. Kevalram, Messrs. Amulakrai Hurderam and Ganpatram Himatram, and others, as members, and Mr. Dwarkadas Majumdar, as hon. secretary, was appointed to forward a letter of condolence to the aged father of the late Mr. Narsinram and to collect subscriptions for a Sanskrit Library, to be called after the deceased and towards which object the father and the other member of the deceased's family had offered a piece of land, situated in a prominent locality of the town, and Rs. 1,000 cash. The meeting dispersed after the usual vote of thanks.

DIVINE SERVICES.

ST. PETER'S, MAZAGON.

6-30 a.m.—Holy Communion (daily).
8 p.m.—Litany, Sermon, and Story of the Cross.

ST. THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

Friday, 8th April, 1892.
8-30 p.m.—Lent Service and Address.

FORTHCOMING EVENTS.

APRIL, 1892.

8. Friday—Alcock, Ashdown and Co.'s Meeting.
University Hall, conversazione to Sir Raymond West.
9. Saturday—Bombay Swimming Club race.
Annual Elphinstonian Gathering and banquet.
11. Monday—Second Criminal Sessions.
Bombay Fire Insurance Company's Meeting.
12. Tuesday—Second Criminal Sessions.
Annual General Meeting of Native General Library in Framjee Cowasjee Institute.
Anti-Usury League Meeting, Vegetarian Society Rooms, Church Lane, at 6-30 p.m.
14. Thursday—Dance B. B. and C. I. R. Mechanics' Institute.
Y. M. C. A. Conference, Apollo Bunder.
15. Y. M. C. A. Conference, Apollo Bunder.
16. Y. M. C. A. Conference, Apollo Bunder.
17. Y. M. C. A. Conference, Apollo Bunder.
18. Y. M. C. A. Conference, Apollo Bunder.
Social Gathering of the Xaviérites.
21. Thursday—Arrival of Lord Harris from Surat.
22. Friday—Oriental Security Life Assurance Company's meeting.
Departure of Lord Harris for Mahableshwar.
23. Saturday—Bombay Swimming Club race.

MAY 1892.

5. Thursday—Prince of Wales Fire Insurance Company's meeting.

HIGH COURT.—ORIGINAL SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice FARRAN.)

AN ALLEGED UNAUTHORISED SALE OF PROPERTY.

AHMEDBHOY HUBIBBHOY VS. MOULVI HIDAYATULLA BIN MOULVI BISHAXUTULLA AND OTHERS.

THE plaintiff prayed that he may be declared entitled to the property, the subject matter of the suit, as against the defendants; that they be decreed to deliver up possession of it to him and to pay him Rs. 200 per month from 8th January, 1891, for rent, until possession is given, and to account to him for the rents received by them, &c. Mr. Badruddin and Mr. Russell, instructed by Messrs. Janardhun and Ardasir, appeared for the plaintiff; Mr. Starling and Mr. Jardine, instructed by Messrs. Ardaseir, Hormusjee, and Dinshaw, appeared for the first defendant; and the Hon. Mr. Latham and Mr. Jardine, instructed by Messrs. Mansukhlal, Damodhar, and Jamsetjee, appeared for the other three defendants.

The plaintiff's case was that, by an indenture, dated the 8th January, 1891, the first defendant granted to the plaintiff a piece of land, with the dwelling-house standing thereon, known as "Forbes House," situate on the north side of Valpakhadi Road, to hold into the plaintiff, his heirs, and assigns for ever. The first defendant was in possession of the property and refused to deliver up possession. The latter three defendants alleged that they, with their brother, Ebrahimbhoy Rahimbhoy, were the real owners of the property sold, that the first defendant was merely their nominee, that the sale was made without their knowledge and consent, and that they are in possession of the property. The plaintiff said he had no knowledge as to whether the first defendant was such nominee, but he submitted that, even if such was the case, the sale was binding on the other defendants, who, he believed, had knowledge of it.

The defence of the first defendant was as follows:—In the year, 1870, a suit was filed in this Court by Karmali Rehmoobhoy and others, the grand-children of Khan Mahomed Hubibbhoy, against the plaintiff and others as executors of the will of Khan Mahomed Hubibbhoy for the administration of his estate. During the progress of the suit, the interest of Khan Mahomed Hubibbhoy in certain premises (of which the premises in dispute in this suit formed part) was sold; and the plaintiffs in that suit, not having obtained leave to bid at the sale, purchased the last mentioned property in the name of the first defendant as their nominee. These facts were well-known to the present plaintiff, subsequently the defendant Rehmoobhoy, who had brought a suit for partition; and the house and premises, in dispute in this suit, were allotted to the defendant. He had not, however, been put in possession of the premises, and had never up to this time been in possession nor in receipt of the rents and profits thereof, which went to the grandchildren of Khan Mahomed Hubibbhoy, who had brought the other suit. This was also well known to the plaintiff. Subsequent to the partition referred to, the plaintiff opened negotiations with one of the real purchasers of the property, namely Ebrahimbhoy Rahmoobhoy, for the purchase of it. A bargain-paper was prepared, and at the request of Ebrahimbhoy and the plaintiff, the first defendant signed it, but no portion of the consideration money was paid to him. Rs. 2,100 were paid to Ebrahimbhoy, the plaintiff saying that he would pay Rs. 4,000, the balance of Rs. 6,100, on the execution of the conveyance. No battakee was beaten, nor advertisement issued on behalf of the plaintiff as the purchaser of the premises. The deed of conveyance was prepared by the plaintiff's solicitor; the first defendant had no independent advice in the transaction; nor was he in any way consulted about the form in which the deed was to be prepared; and at the request of the plaintiff and Ebrahimbhoy, he signed the conveyance. No part of the balance of the purchase money was paid to him by the plaintiff, who still retained in his hands the sum of Rs. 4,000. The first defendant never had anything to do with the negotiations for the purchase by the plaintiff, and never agreed to give him possession, the plaintiff well knowing that the premises were in the possession of Ebrahimbhoy and his relations. The first defendant, therefore, submitted that the suit should be dismissed with costs.

For the other three defendants it was alleged that the plaintiff, well knowing their interest in the property, that the first defendant's interest was merely nominal, and that he had no right to sell the property, obtained the conveyance on which he relied from the first defendant in fraud of the rights of these defendants. They said that the purchase money said to have been paid to the first defendant was very much less than the real value of the property. These defendants said they were in no way bound by the conveyance executed by the first defendant, and that under the circumstances the plaintiff had acquired no rights as against these defendants. They, therefore, prayed that the suit as against them, should be dismissed with costs.

The hearing of the case occupied the court the rest of the day.

THE WYER CUP.

THE Annual Competition for the Wyer Cup has been decided as follows:—

The conditions were—I.—Open to teams of seven from each Company to be selected by their Captains. II.—To be shot for on the Coorla Range. III.—The Cup to be held for the year by the Company represented by the winning team. IV.—The Cup to become the property of the Company whose team shall win it for three consecutive years. Distances, 700 and 800 yards; Rifle, Martini-Henri, minimum pull-off, 6 lb.; number of shots, 10 at each distance; sighting shots, 2 at each distance; position, any; targets and scoring, Regulation; ammunition, Government. VI.—One member to coach and one to spot for each team.

Won by D. Company.

Scores.

D Company.

Rank and Names.	700 yds.	800 yds.	Total.
Color-Sergt, H Black	44	46	90
Qrmr-Sergt W Stephens	45	44	89
Corpl J R McKinnon	41	41	82
Corpl J W Gordon	40	40	80
Vol L Valladares	40	39	79
Vol H Bullock	36	39	75
Vol C Stephens	35	32	67
Total	281	281	562

B. Company.

Lieut T M English	46	42	88
Lieut F W English	44	41	85
Color-Sergt, E Thomas	42	41	83
Corpl C E Morris	43	35	78
Sergt J Waller	41	37	78
Sergt F Waller	38	37	75
Sergt W G Nicoll	31	28	59
Total	288	238	546

E. Company.

Corpl G F Lund	45	43	88
Lieut R A A Jenkins	43	41	84
Lieut D J Sharp	40	38	78
Color-Sergt A D Little	30	33	63
Sergt A R Sharpe	32	24	56
Corpl J J D'Souza	28	27	55
Vol T L Roberts	29	25	54
Total	247	231	478

A. Company.

Lce-Corpl. H W Prescott	38	40	78
Color-Sergt, W Boylette	42	26	68
Sergt J E Keess	44	24	68
Vol E W Pyrke	32	29	61
Vol M Mullen	29	28	57
Vol J M Mason	38	16	54
Vol H Rowe	19	27	46
Total	242	190	432

F. Company.

Paymr-Sergt J H Burrett	31	36	67
Sergt W D Small	34	32	66
Color-Sergt E Sands	37	29	66
Lieut R Snell	29	27	56
Sergt W T Conway	26	24	50
Corpl J O'Brien	29	17	46
Lce-Sergt S Simpson	25	14	40
Total	212	179	391

G. Company.

Lce-Corpl M Ward	42	26	68
Lce-Corpl T Thurley	31	22	53
Vol H Rowbottom	20	23	43
Vol A D'Mello	11	29	40
Color-Sergt E W Fearn	19	15	34
Vol A Hallums	24	9	33
Vol W Cluley	7	9	16
Total	154	133	287

SURGEON-MAJOR W. K. HATCH will act as Senior Medical Officer and Senior Surgeon, J. J. Hospital, Bombay, during the absence of Brigade-Surgeon Lieutenant-Colonel W. Gray.

MR. A. C. LOGAN, C. S., has been appointed First Assistant in room of Mr. Jenkins.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending April 5th was 591, giving a death-rate of 34·99 per annum per thousand as against 28·34 the corresponding period of last year, and 29·09 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 168 died from fevers; 33, small-pox; 59, phthisis; 38, measles; 33, diseases of the nervous system; 80, affections of the respiratory organs; 22, diarrhœa; 7, dysentry; 38 stillborn; 40, old age and debility; 8 accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows:—Buddhist or Jain, 37; Brahmin, 21; Batthia, 9; Hindu of other caste, 299; Hindu outcaste, 54; Musalman, 132; Parsee, 18; Jew, 3; Native Christian, 12; European, 3; Negro-African, 3. The total number of births was 266 as against 276 the corresponding period of last year, and 282 the average over the past five years.

THE NATIVE PRESS.

THE LATE PRESIDENT OF THE CORPORATION.

THE *Indu Prakash* says:—With the late Corporation retires the late President, Mr. George Cotton. Mr. Cotton did his work in the face of great difficulties with conspicuous ability and tact. Presiding over a body like the Corporation is no easy task. The mere physical part of it, the sitting through for two hours twice a week, is no small strain, and entails no small sacrifice on the part of a business man, and yet Mr. Cotton rarely missed a meeting, and was hardly ever absent from his post. Moreover, the questions of order which frequently arise, and the regulation of the debate generally call for the exercise of much tact, judgment, firmness, and conciliation. Mr. Cotton filled the chair with remarkable success and deserves great credit for it.

THE TANSA WATER-WORKS CEREMONY.

The *Rast Goftar* observes:—We do not think any of the seventy-two members of the Corporation that is now dead were prevented by unavoidable engagement from attending the opening ceremony of the Tansa works. The splendour of the display was suited to the importance and magnitude of the work. In the hour of triumph and jubilation and felicitations, even the most inveterate economists in the Corporation must have been swayed for the moment by a feeling of proud consciousness that Bombay has, in this instance, been able to act up to its motto and carry through the largest work of its kind in India, having a dam, perhaps, the largest in the world. At such a time one is scarcely disposed to be in a severely critical mood and therefore we shall not say that the pavilion, if it can be dignified by that name, was a rather tawdry affair, but rather go with the descriptive reporter and pronounce it to be a marvel of human ingenuity. Still less do we like to recall just now the fact that the cost of the work, which was estimated at 123 lakhs, has mounted up to nearly 150 lakhs, or that one firm of contractors received from the bounteous hands of the Municipality a present of some four lakhs and another a present of nearly a lakh and a-quarter. The payments were, of course, made in respect of their claims, but to what extent their claims were tenable is a vexed question, which shall not be permitted to vex our soul at this festive hour of general rejoicing and laudation. Nor would it be meet to hint a doubt that the water-supply which is abundant at present may in a few years hence prove inadequate,—for we have had this forewarning from the Municipal Executive itself. In the course of his lucid statement giving a rapid survey of the water history of Bombay, Mr. Acworth remarked that the increase of close upon 27 lakhs over the estimated expenditure was balanced by the engineer's estimate of the capacity of the reservoir to supply 20 million gallons per day, instead of 17 million gallons, as originally estimated. If the estimate has gone so far wrong in the one case, there is no particular reason to believe that it would not go wrong in the other. Let us, however, be men of enlarged faith and revel in the belief that we shall receive more than was contemplated until such time as that belief may be controverted by unpleasant fact. The Commissioner also rejoiced to observe that since the Tansa work was determined upon although the Municipal debt had increased from Rs. 1,33,55,000 to Rs. 3,56,52,000, the City bore on its broad shoulders the heavier burden as lightly, if not more lightly, than the far easier one, relatively, of seven years ago. He sought to prove the correctness of this observation by pointing out that, whereas Municipal paper stood at Rs. 100½ in 1885, it was now at about Rs. 114. To be consistent with the tone and spirit of the hour, we would rather cheerfully accept this fact—for fact it undoubtedly is—than enter upon an inquiry into the extraordinary circumstances which have mainly contributed to the abnormal rise in Government, as well as Municipal, paper.

The *Kaiser-i-Hind* remarks:—Lord Lansdowne's speech was just the sort of speech expected from him. He treated in a business-like way the several points referred to in the Municipal address. It was conceived in a kindly and sympathetic spirit, while it did not omit to give the Municipality credit for the courage and the responsibility of undertaking local works of such a colossal character as the Tansa. His Lordship was also mindful of the valuable service rendered by Mr. Clerke, the Engineer, and his staff. We also beg to offer our tribute of praise to the skill and sagacity of that exceptionally able engineer who has so faithfully carried out the scheme of the far-sighted Major Tulloch. If any man deserves rich recognition in connexion with Tansa it is he. Of course both Messrs. Ollivant and Acworth deserve the thanks of the City for their perseverance and energy in bringing the works to a completion. Lord Harris's speech thanking the Viceroy was brief, happy and to the point. His allusions to the present conflict were couched in language calculated to remove any heart-burning or bickerings. It is to be hoped that Thursday's occasion may prove to be the turning point of the conflict and that both the high contending parties may settle their differences and endeavour to carry out the respective share of the responsibilities imposed under the Act with fairness and justice.

The *Gujerati* states:—The citizens of Bombay may justly congratulate themselves on the successful completion of a gigantic work undertaken by them at an outlay of nearly a crore and-a-half. Commenced in 1888 and completed in 1892, it comprises the largest masonry dam in the world and a duct of 55 miles in length and is expected to provide a daily supply of at least 17,000,000 gallons. That the Viceroy should have been invited to preside at the opening ceremony was quite in accord with the vastness and importance of the undertaking. Every one who witnessed the memorable ceremony on Thursday afternoon will admit that it was celebrated in a becoming manner. Mr. Acworth gave in a vigorous speech a short history of the work from its inception down to its completion and he paid a just tribute of praise to all who deserved it. The Viceroy's speech, as is always the case with his utterances, was simple but graceful, kindly and sympathetic. The public of Bombay are thankful to him for generously accepting their invitation to come to Bombay at considerable inconvenience to himself in this hot season to introduce the Tansa water into the city and for gracefully performing the pleasant function that devolved upon him. The terms of commendation in which he referred to the services of Major Tulloch, who was the first to conceive the ideal now realized, of Mr. Clerke who designed and carried out the work under his able and vigilant supervision, were all conceived in the happiest vein and richly deserved. The Viceroy's allusion to his sympathetic attitude towards the tender plant of local self-government in India will be widely appreciated throughout the whole country.

The *Indu Prakash* writes:—One of the grandest and most picturesque sights ever witnessed in Bombay was the opening ceremonial of the Tansa Waterworks on Thursday last. All the arrangements were made on such a magnificently superb scale that any description will hardly convey an adequate idea of its imposing grandeur, its surpassing beauty, and the perfect precision and method with which it was carried out. The display indeed cost money, but it was so effective and so tasteful that the beholder every moment acknowledged to himself that the money was well spent. The magnitude of the works, the time and money their execution has cost, the benefit they promise to bring to the city, the distinguished persons invited to celebrate their opening, all demanded that the ceremonial should be organized on a scale of fitting magnificence.

Says the *Gujerat Mitra*:—The long-and-anxiously expected opening ceremony of the Bombay Tansa Water-works at the hands of H. E. the Viceroy was performed on Thursday last amid great rejoicing and pomp. As the works have local interest and utility we shall only content ourselves by congratulating the Bombay people on their possessing what are very nearly the finest Water-works of their kind in the world, capable of affording an abundant supply of pure water to an immensely greater population than the present even after the lapse of nearly a quarter of a century. Lord Landsdowne, we make bold to say, must scarcely have identified himself, since his arriaal in India, with the opening of a more costly and beneficial public work in India, and well may his Lordship and the Bombay people take a just pride in this unique honour done to each on such an auspicious occasion.

MR. R. P. RYA

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,

SURGEON DENTIST,

No. 3, HORNBY ROW,

Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS are specific for all Bilious Affections.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS cure Melancholy, sick Headaches and Costiveness.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS are a sovereign remedy for Erysipelas, Diseases of the Skin and Inflammation.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS have succeeded in working an effective cure when all other Drugs have failed.

SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co., 21, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

AUCTION SALE OF 100 HOGSHEADS OF ALE AT THE COMMISSARIAT STOREKEEPER-CENERAL'S OFFICE.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co., will sell by Public Auction at the Town Barracks, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 8th instant, at 1 p. m,

100 Hogsheads of ale.

Terms of sale.—A deposit of 25 per cent. is to be immediately paid as the lots are knocked down, and the balance to be paid within two days after the approval of the sale by the Commissary-General.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.

Bombay, April 8, 1892.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO., No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS, FORT.

SALE OF CASHMERE COATS, SHAWLS, HURDA, SMALL IRON SAFE, &c.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 8th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Insolvent's Marwadi Bazaar shop, Moombadevi, by order of N. C. Macleod, Esquire, Acting Official Assignee, High Court, and in re Marwadi Mansookh Sobharam, carried on business at Marwadi Bazaar, under the name of Mansookh Sobharam by his moonim, Paliram, an adjudged insolvent, consisting of 5 bundles Cashmere coats (Choghas), 13 shawls, 3 bags hurda, small iron safe, empty boxes, clock, pictures, brass lamp, small utensils, gadi, &c.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY ON THE EAST SIDE OF BREACH CANDY ROAD.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 9th April, at 4 p.m. Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co will sell by Public Auction on the premises, by order of the mortgagee, Mr. Nathoobhai Shamlal, and by virtue of the power of sale contained in an indenture of mortgage dated 7th August, 1889, and made between Nanabhoy Bhowanishankar (since deceased) of the one part and the said Nathoobhai Shamlal of the other part and on account and at the risk of the heirs [illegible] the mortgagor, Nanabhoy Bhowanishunker, [illegible] following immoveable property comprised in [illegible] said mortgage, viz:—

[illegible] piece or parcel of land or ground, formerly [illegible] pieces of ground, with the messuages, [illegible] dwelling-houses or bungalows, stables and sheds for carriages and carriage manufactory standing thereon, situate on the east side of the Breach Candy Road, without the Fort of Bombay, in the cart called or known by the name of "Baman Hall," in the registration sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement one thousand six hundred and twenty square yards or thereabouts, and registered by the Collector of Bombay under old No. 510, new Nos. 2504 and 2508, old Survey No. 574, new Survey No. 7881, and bounded on the east by the property of Jafar Suleman, on the west by the Breach Candy Road aforesaid, on the north by the passage of the said cart, and on the south partly by the property of A. G. DeGa, and partly by a Portuguese Church, and which said dwelling-houses, bungalows, stables or sheds, and premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under ward Nos. 321, 320, and 319, and Street No. 749 (1) and (2), which said premises are in the occupation of the heirs of the said Nanabhoy Bhowanishunker, deceased, and their tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Craigie, Lynch, and Owen, Solicitors to the mortgagee, Mr. Nathoobhai Shamlal, or to the undersigned.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, April 8, 1892.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY, No. 7, MARINE STREET.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 8th instant, at 1 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 137, New Foras Road, next to the Iron Foundry, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood substantial household furniture, made to order, platedware, crockery and glassware, very handsome Hinks' six light chandelier and table lamps, handsome Brussels carpets, pictures, rich table ornaments, etc., the property of Mr. EZEKIEL NISAN.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

SALE OF GOOD MACHINE GINNED BROACH COTTON.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 8th instant, at 8 a.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Colaba, in the Jutha of Sha Vurdman Jetsy, by order of Thucker Dharsey Hemraj and on account and at the risk of Thucker Premjee Ludha—

100 full pressed bales good machine-ginned Broach cotton.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

Under instructions from the Government Remount Agent, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Kennedy Sea Face, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 8th instant, at 3 p. m., the matting used in the construction of the Government Remount Stables, also ropes, baskets, and bamboos.

On SATURDAY, the 9th instant, at 1 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the Amiralty House, Middle Colaba, the valuable handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best platedware, crockery and glassware, Chinaand Japanese flower vases, rich table and wall ornaments, Persian and Brussels carpets, oil-paintings, wearing apparel, one first-rate large size English-made ice box with refrigerator by Treacher & Co. books, &c. the property of Mrs. FRASER, widow of the late E. J. Fraser, Esq.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

On SUNDAY, the 10th instant, at 1 P.M., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Messrs. E. D. Sassoon's Clycdale Mills, in the Mahim Wood, near Dadur, the valuable substantial made blackwood and teakwood French-polished household furniture, best platedware, crockery and glassware, rich table ornaments, Hinks' and Ditmar's lamps, rich Brussels carpets, gent's racing saddles, books, wearing apparel, etc., the property of Captain L. L. Strezzi.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

On WEDNESDAY, the 13th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 38, Marine Lines, opposite the New Bungalow, the very valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, made to order, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, rich table ornaments, Hinks' and Ditmar's lamps, rich Brussels carpets, gent's racing saddles, books, wearing apparel, etc., the property of Captain L. L. Strezzi.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

On THURSDAY, the 14th inst., at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the tents, No. 9, on the Esplanade, near the Bandstand, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best platedware, crockery and glassware, lamps, carpets, ornaments, &c., the property of Professor P. Peterson.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, April 8, 1892.

REPAIR DEPARTMENT.

OUR resources in this Department have of late greatly developed, and we can execute any Orders relative to Mechanical, Surveying, Drawings, Mathematical, Nautical, Optical or Astronomical Appliances, as expeditiously and cheaply as any Firm in India, and we rely upon the Superior Character of our work to obtain for us a fair share of Public Patronage. Our European Watchmakers have all served their Apprenticeship in the First Manufactories in Europe, and have been selected and brought to India by ourselves, and cannot be surpassed for the excellence of their work. Complicated Pieces, such as Repeaters, Calendar-Watches, Chronometers, &c., may be entrusted to us in the full Confidence that the repair will be done in a thoroughly satisfactory Manner and Guaranteed.

Repairs to Jewellery, Spectacles, &c., are most carefully attended to, being under direct European Supervision.

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD., BOMBAY AND POONA.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY, No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE of unclaimed goods at the lost property office, Victoria Terminus, G. I. P. Railway.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 8th inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the abovementioned place—

A quantity of unclaimed articles.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 9th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 20, Marine Lines, the very valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood French-polished household furniture of the latest design and best workmanship, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, handsome China and Japanese vases, rich table ornaments, first-rate oil-paintings in gilt frame, rich Persian and Brussels carpets, handsome Hinks' and Ditmar's table and hanging kerosine lamps, &c., the property of Captain C. M. GRAY.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the day of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF PHOTOGRAPHIC STUDIO TENT.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 9th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, in the oval, opposite to the Sailors' Home.

1 photographic studio tent, measures inside about 31' 6" by 6' 6" and height is 15' 6" sloping to 12' 0." The Rowti Tent is 10' 0" 10' 0" by 8' 6".

The above will be on view from this day Friday.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 9th instant, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods.

AT 1-30 P.M.

1 powerful bay Arab horse, 14-1, very quiet, goes in single and double harness.

1 handsome strong glass-fronted miniature brougham.

1 second-hand Victoria with removable coach-box.

1 strong palanquin office shigram.

1 handsome strong grey Australian horse, goes in single and double harness.

1 handsome strong glass fronted double seated brougham

1 handsome strong-built landau.

1 high-wheeled dog-cart in very good order.

1 iron grey Arab horse, 14-2½, very fast, goes in harness and saddle

AUCTION SALE OF GOLD AND SILVER ORNAMENTS.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 9th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, by order of Laharchand Devchand and on account and risk of Dalal Chagan Oomadram, the following ornaments.—

Gold mohanmalla, bangle, silver kandora, Kalegathi, and kalus.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE AND DESIRABLE BUNGALOWS AT BANDORA, FACING THE SEA.

On SUNDAY, the 10th instant, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, on the premises, (unless previously privately disposed of) by order of the owner, Jehanghir Rustomjee Mody, Esq.

PARTICULARS.

FIRSTLY.—All that piece or parcel of land, containing by admeasurement 2808 six-ninths square yards or thereabouts, and registered by the Collector of Tanna, under survey No. 325, with the tenement or building standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality of Bandora, under No. 41, all which premises are situate at and on the east side of Byramjee Jeejeebhoy road at Bandora, in the sub-district of Salsette, district of Tanna, and are bounded on or towards the east by the property of Dadabhoy Nowrojee Daver, on or towards the west by the said Byramjee Jeejeebhoy Road, on or towards the north by the property of the vendor or being plot A on the plan, and on or towards the south by another property of the vendor, being plot C, and have for some time past been in the occupation of the vendor and are delineated on the plan hereunto annexed and thereon surrounded with a blue color boundary line and marked with the letter B.

SECONDLY.—All that piece or parcel of land containing by admeasurement 3194 square yards or thereabouts, and registered by the Collector of Tanna, under survey No. 325, together with the tenement or building standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality of Bandora, under No. 40, all which premises are situate at and on the east side of the Byramjee Jeejeebhoy Road, at Bandora, in the registration district of Tanna, and are bounded on or towards the east partly by the property of Dadabhoy Nowrojee Daver, partly by Government ground and partly by a Public Road, on or towards the west by the said Byramjee Jeejeebhoy Road, on or towards the north by the property of the vendor, being plot B, on or towards the south partly by the property of the late Mr. George Henry Stephens and partly by a public road together with one equal half of the wall on the east, the other half belonging to Lot C., and have for some time past been in the occupation of the vendor and are delineated on the plan hereto annexed and thereon surrounded with a blue color boundary line and marked with the letter C.

THIRDLY.—All that piece or parcel of land containing by admeasurement 1,676 three-ninths square yards or thereabouts, and registered by the Collector of Tanna, under Survey No. 325, and assessed by the Municipality of Bandora, under No. 41, all which premises are situate at and on the east side of the Byramjee Jeejeebhoy Road, at Bandora, subdistrict of Salsette, District Tanna, and are bounded on or towards the east by the property of Dadabhoy Nowrojee Daver, on or towards the west by the Byramjee Jeejeebhoy Road, on or towards the south by the property of the vendor, being lot marked D, on or towards the north by the property of the vendor, being lot marked B, together with one half of the well on the east, the other being half belonging to Lot D, and have for some time past been in the occupation of the vendor and are delineated on the plan hereunto annexed and thereon surrounded with blue color boundary line and marked with the letter C.

FOURTHLY.—All that piece or parcel of land containing by admeasurement 2115 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Tanna under survey No. 325, with the tenements and buildings standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bandora under No. 41, all which premises are situate at and on the east side of Byramjee Jeejeebhoy Road at Bandora, subdistrict of Salsette, District Tanna, and are bounded on or towards the east and north by the property of Dadabhoy Nowrojee Davur, on or towards the west by the Byramjee Jeejeebhoy Road, and on or towards the south by the property of the vendor, being lot B, and have for some time past been in the occupation of the vendor and are delineated on the plan hereunto annexed and thereon surrounded with blue color boundary line and marked with the letter A.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

ORCHIDS, FERNS, AND PALMS FOR SALE.

A very fine collection of ferns, palms, standard roses, geraniums, &c., the property of Dr. Collis, will be sold, by Public Auction, by Messrs. BENNETT and Co., at the European General Hospital, on MONDAY, the 11th instant, at 4 p.m.

Catalogues will be published and the plants will be on view four days before the day of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE AND DESIRABLE BUNGALOW AT MATHERAN, KNOWN AS "UNDERWOOD," NEAR CHOWK PLATEAU.

On MONDAY, the 11th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their rooms, the property of the Hon. Mr. Justice H. M. Birkwood.—

The bungalow with furniture, known as "Underwood," situated at Matheran, near Chowk Plateau, containing nine acres of ground. The bungalow is 88 by 30ft. and the verandah is 6½ by 7ft.; it has corrugated iron roof, and has one drawing, one dining, three bed and bath-rooms and one office, one dispense, and one store-rooms; has also kitchens, out-houses and stables. It is near the Superintendent's office, and Post Office and Bazaar.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

N.B.—Private offers will be received by the undersigned.

On WEDNESDAY, the 13th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 2 Rampart Road, above Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.'s office, the very valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood, French-polished substantial made household furniture made to order by Messrs. Wimbridge and John Roberts, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, very handsome Satsuma, Kanga Crown Derby and Doulton table ornaments, Hinks' and Ditmar's table and hanging kerosine lamps, rich Persian and Brussels carpets, &c., the property of H. BRANSON, Esq., Barrister-at-Law.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the day of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF MULE TWIST.

On SATURDAY, the 16th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, by order of The Khatao Makanjee S. & W. Co., Ltd., and in their premises at Sakalla Talao, by Byculla, and on account and risk of contractor Sha Laloobhoy Moolchand, the following bales—

52 bales each 400 lbs., No. 24 mule twist of Rakda chop.

A deposit of 23 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On MONDAY, the 25th instant at 1 p.m. Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at "St. Vincent," The Ridge, Malabar Hill, the very valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood french-polished household furniture, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, handsome China and Japanese vases, a first-rate mahogany full sized slate Billiard-table by Thurston and Co, with balls, lamps, &c., a handsome mahogany grand square pianoforte in very good order, rich Persian and Brussels carpets, first-rate oil-paintings and pictures, a handsome strong English built glass-fronted office Brougham by "Kostorian," and handsome strong fast-trotting bay Arab horse, a powerful Lady's riding horse, valuable Law Library, book-cases, a large collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, &c. the property of the HON'BLE F. L. LATHAM, Advocate-General.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the day of sale.

N. B.—The plants will be sold at 7 a. m. on the same day.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, April 8, 1892

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 7.

TELEGRAMS to hand this evening advise a reduction of ½ per cent. in the Bank of England rate to-day, at 2½ per cent. Reuter reports a further drop of ⅛d. per oz. in Silver in London yesterday, at 39⅜d. per oz; and Rupee Securities were ⅜ per cent. lower in Fours, and 1 1-16 in 4½ per cents. at £66¼ and £64⅞, respectively, while in New York the metal was ⅞ cent down at 86 cents, with demand Exchange on London ¼ cent higher, at 4·88½ dollars. The U. S. Treasury bought yesterday 220,000 ounces of Silver, at 86·20 to 86·40 cents per oz. Consols were unchanged in London yesterday at 96⅛; and Indian Sterling Loan at 107¾; and the market rates of discount were unaltered. Braziers' Copper was 15s. per ton lower, at £54 10s.; and Yellow Metal was down ⅛, at 5⅛.

At the weekly Biddings for Indian Council Bills in London yesterday, 13½ lakhs were allotted to Calcutta, 15½ lakhs to Bombay, and 10 lakhs to Madras, say 39 lakhs against the 50 offered, at 1s. 3½d., this rate showing a decline of ⅛d. on the higher price obtained for the extra Bills placed on Monday, but an advance of 1-16d., on the previous Wednesday's regular allotment rate. It is announced that 50 lakhs will be offered again next week. The Exchange Banks further lowered their buying rate on India at 30 days' sight by 3-16d., making it stand at 1s. 2 15-16d.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady last evening, Surats quiet, and Arrivals dull; the day's Sales having aggregated 8,000 bales, including 400 East Indians. Spot prices were quite unchanged; but American Arrivals were 1-32d. higher in most positions, the extreme quotations being 3 35-64d. for April and April-May deliveries, and 3 45-64d. for July-August. The day's Imports were 23,000 bales. The Manchester Market remained flat.

In New York, the price of ready Mid.-Uplands remained at 6 15-16 cents, and July Futures were only 2 points higher at 6·73 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 9,000 bales; and the arrivals this season now give the following comparison with those of the two preceding years for the same time:—

	1892.	1891.	1890.
Wednesday's Receipts..	9,000	11,000	4,000
Four days' do. ...	45,000	55,000	17,000
Since 1st Sept. 1891 ...	6,508,000	6,340,000	5,590,000

Here, Cotton has been strong and active to-day, and prices generally have advanced Rs. 2 to Rs. 4 per candy. The total Sales sum up 5,000 bales, of which exporters may be credited with 3,100 bales, consisting of 700 Bengals, at Rs. 136-52; 600 Broach, at Rs. 169; 300 each of Bhownugger, at Rs. 157-8; and Dhulia, at Rs. 139-42; 250 Viramgaum Ginned, at Rs. 153; 200 each of Pachora, at Rs. 144; and Barsi, at Rs. 157; 100 Cutchgaum, at Rs. 145; and 50 Cydy, at Rs. 150½; while the Mills have taken 1,900 bales, made up of 400 each of Mowa, at Rs. 155-62; and Julgaum, at Rs. 143½; 300 Catchgaum, at Rs. 143; 250 each of Barsee, at Rs. 160; and Khandwa at Rs. 149; 200 Una Ginned, at Rs. 148, and 100 Dhulia, at Rs. 139 per candy.

WHEAT has been taken to only a small extent by shippers to-day, and prices have given way one anna per cwt., all round; the market, however, closing steady at our quotations, say.

White Pessy	91 per cent. Rs.	5-5-0	per cwt.
Do.	85 „ „	5-4-0	„
No. 1 Club Delhi	„	4-14-0	„
Red Delhi	„	4-10-0	„
Hard Yellow	„	5-3-6	„
Red Ahmedabad	„	5-1-0	„
Hard Red	„	5-2-0	„

SEEDS have been steady, with a moderate export business passing; but *Linseed* is half-an-anna per cwt. lower at Rs. 6-11-0 to Rs. 6-13-6 per cwt., other descriptions being unchanged in value.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton	12,608 bales.
Wheat	47,849 cwts.
Linseed	43,102 „
Rapeseed	26,070 „
Gingelly	2,629 „
Poppyseed	712 „
Groundnuts	3,292 „
Castorseed	2,464 „

FREIGHTS are weak, and without improvement yet for prompt shipment, rates to Continental ports having declined to 15s. 6d. to 15s. per ton. The Lucinia (s) is reported to have been chartered for April loading on terms which have not transpired, but which are believed to be about 15s. 6d. per ton to one picked port.

EXCHANGE opened weaker again in presence of the lower quotations for Silver both from New York and London above chronicled rates having been nominally 1s. 3⅛d. for three months' sight Credits, at which, however, nothing came out, and a very trifling amount was reported to have been placed at 1s. 3 7-32d. for the mail, while 1s. 3 3-16d. was offered for delivery from the 15th instant onwards without attracting any sellers. In Bank Remittance 1s. 3 1-16d. for Telegraphic was offered for ready and forward transfer, and was readily taken, the rate becoming, later on, 1s. 3 1-32d., and the feeling rather weak at closing as follows:—

Bank Bills on Demand	1s. 3 1-32d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 3d.	„
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 3 3-32d.	„
Credits do.	1s. 3 7-32 to 3-16d.	„
Francs do.	1·59½.	„

The usual weekly official Return relating to Silver at the Mint gives the following figures:—

Statement of Silver Balance in the Bombay Mint for the week ending 6th April, 1892	Rs. 35,49,000
Silver received during the week	„ 20,55,000
	Rs. 1,16,04,000
Less Now Coin paid during the week	„ 9,00,000
	Rs. 1,07,04,000
Bullion belonging to private individuals	„ 76,78,000
	Rs. 1,83,82,000
Last week	„ 1,63,96,000

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been quiet at a decline of 1-16 to ¼ per cent. from last evening's final rates. Fours for cash having been quoted at 106 13-16, for the settlement at the end of this month at the same rate, and for the May account, at 106¼. Buyers at these rates came forward, however, and the market closed 1-16 per cent. higher, and with 4½ per Cents quoted at 104½ nominal.

SHARES remain very quiet and with scarcely any noticeable change in quotations.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

THE following is the statement of traffic for the week ending 2nd April, 1892:—

	Coaching Traffic. Coaching Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic. Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated)	Total. Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total .. Corresponding week last year, open 1,491½ miles.	1,87,050	8,94,029	6,315	10,87,394
	..	..	..	11,33,438

Decrease ..... Rs. 46,044

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

LATEST dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 7th April, 1892.

(Difference in longitude allowed for.)

Via.	Latest Date. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	7	9	50 a.m.	2	47
Teheran	7	2	16 p.m.	...	14
Suez	7	2	53 p.m.	..	5

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours, ending 8 p.m. on 7th April, 1892.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum. H.	M.
From Calcutta	..	32	..	9
„ Kurrachee	..	6	..	1
„ Madras	..	59	..	1

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, APRIL 8, 1892.

THE first act of the newly-constituted Municipal Corporation was to accord due recognition to the services of the retiring President, Mr. George Cotton. The Khan Bahadur M. C. Murzban, who preceded Mr. Cotton in the chair, bore testimony to the tact, judgment, and discretion with which he had discharged the difficult and onerous duty of presiding over the debates of the Corporation. A Captain of Industry—of the great and growing industry which has made Bombay the Manchester of the East—Mr. Cotton has found time in the midst of absorbing business pre-occupations to be present at every one of the numerous meetings of the Corporation during the last year. At many of those meetings business of considerable importance was transacted, and it was of the greatest use to have in the chair a man of eminent business capacity. Taking no part in the debates—it was once the custom for the Chairman of the Corporation to address his colleagues in a set speech on nearly every motion—the late President exercised a perceptible influence in keeping discussion within reasonable limits, while jealously guarding the right of everyone to a fair hearing. It is devoutly to be wished that the Corporation had the good fortune to count amongst its members more men of the stamp of the ex-President, who could bring to its deliberations the aptitude for the transaction of business which comes of practical experience in the management of affairs and of men. The late Standing Committee, which held its last meeting an hour before the new Corporation met for the first time, placed on record its sense of the services rendered to that body by its retiring chairman, Mr. E. B. Carroll, C.E. During the last year, especially when so many difficult engineering questions had to be dealt with, the Standing Committee was fortunate in having amongst its members an engineer of the ability and experience of Mr. Carroll to give unbought assistance of great value. Elected to the chair on the lamented demise of Sir Henry Morland, Mr. Carroll presided over the counsels of the inner chamber of the Corporation with impartiality and zeal. It is to be regretted that his approaching departure for England, on leave, will deprive the new Standing Committee of the services of Mr. Carroll. In one respect the Standing Committee sets the Corporation an example in economy of public time which the larger body would do well to follow. The weighty and responsible financial and other Municipal business devolving on the Committee has been despatched with rare exceptions at one weekly meeting. This is due in great measure to the fact that even the presence of reporters does not to any great extent induce members of the Committee to speak for two hours on end in the hope—always disappointed, but always springing eternal in foolish hearts—of seeing it next day in all the glory of six columns of small print. As a rule the Committeemen eschew set speeches, and study to express their meaning with business-like brevity. It is not quite the same in the Corporation, where there is a growing tendency to prolixity. In the past year eighty-five meetings were convened and eighty-three were held. To the everlasting honour of the all enduring President, Mr. George Cotton, he was present at the whole eighty-five. But there the words of praise must die away. Seeing that the London County Council disposes of the far vaster interests placed in its charge, in one meeting a week, of two hours' duration, it cannot be necessary that the Bombay Corporation should require eighty-five meetings for the despatch of business. The average in past years was fifty-six meetings—a very large number. The population of the Metropolis is little short of six millions, while that of Bombay is considerably short of a million. Time is money in London, and the County Council limits even its Lord Roseberys and Sir John Lubbocks to fifteen minute speeches. The smaller fry are cloured in five minutes or less if they have nothing to say worth the hearing. The result is that Mr. John Burns is able to boast that the London County Council gets through more work in a month than Parliament accomplishes in a year. It is at least equally certain that if the meetings of the Bombay Municipal Corporation were restricted to once a week and speeches to a quarter of an hour (with or without the closure) more business would be done in a month than is now got through in three. One immense gain would be that more men like Mr. George Cotton and Mr. E. B. Carroll would then find it possible to give some portion of their time to Municipal business. Men of whom Sir John Lubbock and Lord Rosebery are the type could not find time to attend eighty-five meetings in the year to listen to speeches the length of which is in inverse proportion to their light. But it is a different case when even their own speeches are restricted to a quarter of an hour, and observations not worth listening to are cut short by the good sense of the Council, which, tolerant of differences of opinion, will not tolerate waste of valuable time.

THE documents which Sir Charles Pritchard laid on the table of the Legislative Council this week in support of the Mhowra Bill are not of equal value. Those, for example, which relate to the period before the Bill of 1882 was vetoed by the Government of India are discounted by the fact that notwithstanding all that is urged in them in favour of controlling the mhowra traffic the Supreme Government, agreeing with the non-official minority in the Council, pronounced against legislation. The evidence in favour of control comes from very capable officers, and is undoubtedly strong. But its significance is greatly reduced by the fact that seven years after the Thana officials the then Commissioner of Abkari and some of his subordinates had advised that illicit distillation could only be put down by controlling the traffic or—as an Abkari inspector advised—making possession of the flowers penal, Government themselves acknowledged that the practice had been very nearly suppressed without resorting to any such measure. No doubt the process of suppression has been a costly one. A large preventive establishment has to be maintained, to say nothing of an increasing number of punitive police posts. But the measures taken have thus far been effective. Mr. Loch, in the Administration Report for 1890-91, wrote of the Thana District: "I do not think there is any reason to doubt that the efforts made have been successful, and that there is much less illicit distillation than there was. Similarly, I think that in Kolaba, where the cases have fallen from 105 to 12, the presence of a strong punitive post in the Panwell taluka for two years has had a very good effect." Mr. Loch dated his report December 4, 1891, so that it brings matters down to a year later than the memorandum by Mr. Spence, his predecessor, which is included in the papers distributed this week. Mr. Spence therein complains of "the great extent to which illicit distillation still prevails in the Thana district, and the little head that seems to be made against it by the preventive establishment employed," and asserts that there had been a very large increase in the expenditure for establishment without corresponding results in detection. Mr. Spence makes the now familiar admission that the extra-percentage blunder of 1888 was the cause of mischief. Here he is right, but he is scarcely in agreement with the figures when, after remarking that in 1889-90 the number of Abkari offences remained abnormally high—as a matter of fact the number of "cases occurred" fell from 743 to 647—he goes on to observe that "no decrease is observable in the current year, and it can hardly be expected in the future." But a very marked decrease did occur in the year then current, for the total number of cases in the Thana district fell from 647 to 529—a reduction of two hundred and fourteen cases in two years. The printed papers, indeed, like Sir Charles Pritchard's speech, are unduly reticent regarding this later stage in the history of the question. And yet it is obviously of great importance, inasmuch as upon the results of a survey of the working of the Abkari arrangements in operation since August, 1889, will it depend whether illicit distillation is to be deemed capable of suppression without a resort to further legislation. We have no desire to minimise the evil that exists or the incidental demoralization that attends upon general defiance of the excise laws in any community. Drunkenness and lawlessness are evils serious enough from every point of view to enlist the sympathies of all well-disposed people on the side of any reasonable and necessary measure for their suppression. But if, as we believe is the case, the evil is steadily diminishing now that Government no longer, as in 1888 and in 1889, are driving the people to illicit distillation by an Abkari policy which forces licit liquor to an extravagant price, will it not be better to allow things to remain a little longer where they are? Some later evidence than that laid before the Legislative Council on Tuesday, or even than that contained in the latest Abkari Report, would be necessary to justify a resort to legislation, which could scarcely fail to operate vexatiously and oppressively. The relations between the police and the people in the mofussil villages are not so satisfactory that any addition should be made to the points of contact that is not absolutely necessary.

DURING the past few weeks attention has been diverted from the East to the West Coast of Africa where expeditions of various characters have been directed into the interior. Foremost of these is a British expedition of which no news reached us until a fortnight ago, when we heard that marching on Timbo in Senegambia a force had been repulsed, and Captain Robinson, of the Royal Engineers, and one private had been killed. These latter were told that in reply to a question addressed in the House of Lords to Lord Knutsford, the Secretary of State for the Colonies stated that the Government had received news confirming the repulse of the expedition, and that in addition to Captain Robinson having lost his life, Major Brown, Major Moore, and Captain Campbell, and twenty of the armed police had been wounded. From the home papers we learn that four British war vessels, the Widgeon, Sparrow, Racer, and another had only just returned to Bathurst from a punitive expedition up the Gambia river against a chief, who having ravaged the surrounding territories threatened to descend upon the British colony of Bathurst itself. The expedition which consisted of two hundred blue-jackets and three hundred men of the West Indian Regiment, had only proceeded 280 miles when they encountered the natives, who were put to flight after a few volleys. The villages were destroyed by fire. Whether the troublesome chieftain is the notorious Carimoo who has made his stronghold at Timbo, a hundred miles beyond the source of the Gambia river, is not clear, but subsequent events appear to point in that direction. At any rate Lord Knutsford informed the House that the friendly tribes on the Gambia—those who had suffered from the marauding expeditions of the troublesome chieftain—had been asked for and the attack on Carimoo would be renewed. At the same time the French settlers in Dahomey are being subjected to great alarm. The Dahomeyans for some weeks past have been destroying villages round Porto Novo and intoxicated with their success have threatened to destroy the chief town. To-day's telegrams state that a force of six thousand Dahomeyans is in full march upon Porto Novo. Troops and war vessels were despatched a week ago to the scene of the outrages and reinforcements are now being hurried forward to the garrison a battle being considered imminent. It appears that Behanzin, the King of Dahomey, is driven to his wits' end to discharge his obligations to Belgium in the supply of so-called labourers for the Belgian-Congo Railway. He is in the habit of raiding his neighbour's territories to obtain slaves. He frees them nominally, but sends them on board German steamers which carry them to their destination. According to a recent letter in the *Times* the German factories at Whydah act as intermediaries between the King and the Belgian Government. At the end of December the King was pillaging villages, under French influence, ostensibly to obtain blacks for human sacrifices. Ouatechif, a place with three times the population of Porto Novo, had been raided, and even then the inhabitants of the latter were in a state of consternation, fearing the approach of the Dahomeyan forces. Meantime the Liverpool Chamber of Commerce is calling out for the security of British interest along all the West African Coasts, and the completion of arrangements by which in territories where British trade predominates, such territories shall become spheres of British influence. From all appearances arraying against the Native Chiefs is not an easy matter.

WHEN Mr. Hume, a month ago, asked us to print his correspondence with Lord Harris concerning the now famous Pleader's Resolution, he headed his covering letter with the very pointed question "Who told the Taradiddle?" After reading the papers published yesterday most people will be inclined to say "Ask Mr. Hume—not Lord Harris." Let us see how the case stands now. In December last Mr. Hume wrote to us, stating that he was informed that the Government of Bombay, or some authority subordinate to that Government, had issued a confidential circular to all Government Pleaders, prohibiting them from attending the Nagpur Congress. This statement the Government of Bombay, on being referred to on the subject by the District Judge of Thana, characterized in a three line resolution as "devoid of foundation and untrue." Mr. Hume, thereupon, wrote to Lord Harris' Private Secretary, alleging that the resolution itself was untrue, and intimating "privately" to his Excellency that facts material to a correct judgment of the case had been withheld from him. Nevertheless, Mr. Hume did not yet, or at any other time, produce the circular in which the alleged prohibition was contained; he at first only mentioned that it had been seen by two unknown gentleman up-country, subsequently giving a summary of it with the excuse—which comes strangely from the author of the rebellious rhodomontade which we published last week—that he was afraid that the Official Secrets Act would be in his way. What Mr. Hume shrank from doing Government have themselves done, and as Mr. Hume has brought the question of credibility into prominence, we should be glad to learn by what process of word twisting he is able to read into its terms a prohibition to Government Pleaders against attending the Nagpur or any other Congress. The order expressly exempts that class from the general prohibition against attending political meetings which was issued by the Government of India in 1890, affirming the belief of the Governor-General in Council that it is undesirable that Government Pleaders should be treated with the same strictness in this regard as persons who are in the service of Government. The order, if it means anything at all, means that the Government of India have no objection to the presence of Government Pleaders at the Congress. They are to be free to follow their own inclinations in every matter of political interest, and although they are warned against taking up such an attitude as shall bring them into notoriety as partizans, or as shall be inconsistent with the proper performance of their duties, the warning itself presupposes a sanction to attend the meetings which is denied to the regular servants of Government. There is not a Government Pleader in the Presidency who with this circular before him could not have gone to the Congress with a light heart, knowing that the Government of India had, months before, declared that the obstacles to attendance at the Congress which stood in the way of the regular servants of Government were no bar to him. As a matter of fact the President of

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE HANSARD CASE.

THE ACCUSED COMMITTED FOR TRIAL.

LONDON, APRIL 7.

Sir Henry Isaacs, Mr. Joseph Isaacs, Mr. Horatio Bottomley, and Mr. Dollman, charged at Bow Street with conspiring together to cheat and defraud the Hansard Publishing Union of upwards of £30,000, have been committed to take their trial at the sessions.

THE DAHOMEY REVOLT.

LONDON, APRIL 7.

Latest advices state that the Dahomeyans, who were marching on Porto Novo, have suddenly retired in a northerly direction.

THE *TIMES* ON ANARCHISTS.

LONDON, APRIL 7.

The *Times* of to-day, in discussing the anarchist outrages, says that the time is coming when civilised nations will treat anarchists as the enemies of humanity, and hunt them down like wolves.

THE MELBOURNE MURDER.

MELBOURNE, APRIL 7.

The coroner's inquest on the body of the woman found buried beneath a hearthstone at Windsor was concluded here to-day, and the jury returned a verdict of wilful murder against Deeming, her husband.

TURKEY AND EGYPT.

POSTPONEMENT OF THE INVESTITURE.

CAIRO, APRIL 6.

Although Eyoub Pacha has been here now three days, the *Firman* of investiture from the Sultan still remains unread.

The Egyptian Government have postponed its reading because of the changes proposed in the Turco-Egyptian frontier.

SILVER PURCHASES.

WASHINGTON, APRIL 6.

The Treasury to-day purchased 220,000 ounces of Silver at prices ranging from 86·20 to 86·40.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, APRIL 7.

The death is announced of Colonel William H. Preston, Colonel of the Munster Fusiliers.

THE LATE CAPTAIN CORNISH.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, APRIL 7.

The following memorandum was issued yesterday :—"The Commander-in-Chief in India regrets to announce the death of Captain Cornish, Staff Corps, Assistant Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department. The funeral procession will leave at seven to-morrow morning. Officers will wear full dress ; firing and carrying parties will be furnished by the detachment of the First Battalion Gordon Highlanders."

The funeral took place this morning, and was attended by practically all the residents in Simla.

SIR CHARLES CROSTHWAITE'S NEW APPOINTMENT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, APRIL 7.

Sir Charles Crosthwaite arrived at Simla this afternoon, and took over charge of his duty as Public Works Minister, under the usual salute.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, APRIL 6.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Macneil left here this morning.

ADEN, APRIL 6.

The Austrian Lloyd's s. s. Imperator, from Bombay, arrived here this afternoon.

SHANGHAI, APRIL 7.

The Austrian Lloyd's s. s. Thisbe from Bombay arrived here this afternoon.

PENANG, APRIL 7.

The s. s. Brindisi extra left here at daylight to-day.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, APRIL 6.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady. Surats quiet.

Good Dhollera	3½
The Manchester Market has been quiet.	
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight	1 3 15-16
2½ per cent. Consols for account	96⅛
3 per cent. French Rentes	96¼
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	66½
4½ per cent. "	64½
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	107½
Bar Silver	39½

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, APRIL 8.

Pressure has risen all along the Indus Valley and in the western parts of Rajputana, and fallen elsewhere. The fall is brisk along the foot of the hills and also in Burma and some stations in the Peninsular. The general distribution is unchanged, but low. The pressure area over the Western Deserts yesterday moved northward to the Punjab, and increased in intensity. Winds are cyclonic in the Punjab, easterly on the Gangetic plain and in the North of Bengal, south-westerly and southerly in the Bay, southerly on the Konkan coast, and generally north-westerly and northerly elsewhere. Force is fresh in the Bay, the Punjab and several western stations. Temperature has fallen fast in the north of the Punjab, briskly in Sind, slowly in the Central Provinces, and generally risen in other provinces. Showers have fallen in the north-west of the Punjab, Lower Burma and Bombay and the Deccan. Dust storms fairly general in the north-west of India, and showers are likely to extend in the Punjab.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

WEDNESDAY NIGHT, APRIL 6.

10 p.m.	84·9

THURSDAY, APRIL 7.

6 a.m.	83·3
10 a.m.	85·8
2 p.m.	89·4
4 p.m.	85·9

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

APRIL 7.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

CHINA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

AFRICA.—Via Aden, perfect. Via Cadiz-Teneriffe, perfect. Via Lisbon St Vincent, perfect.

At present telegrams in code language cannot be accepted for Blagowestchensk and Possiet.

Telegrams for Salvador except Libertao can be accepted only at sender's risk.

Mauritius mail closes at Colombo at 4 p.m. on the 9th inst.

Mail for Mauritius direct next Saturday closes at Zanzibar 8 a.m., on Friday, 8th April.

Telegrams for Argentine Republic are no longer liable to scrutiny. Secret languages in telegrams for Kotonan temporarily prohibited.

THE GOVERNOR'S TOUR.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

ALIBAG, APRIL 7.

The Indian Marine steamer Canning, conveying the Governor and party, arrived at Janjira at noon. Shortly after the vessel dropped anchor, the Nawab Saheb, accompanied by Mr. Kennedy, Collector of Kolaba, came off in a yacht and formally received his Excellency the Governor, and conducted him to the Bunder. On landing, his Excellency was welcomed by the Nawab's brothers and a large gathering of native gentlemen, while a salute was fired from the new fort and a guard-of-honour of the Janjira police were drawn up at the Bunder. Having been introduced to the gentlemen present, his Excellency drove round the town, which was gaily decorated in his honour, to the large *mandap*, where the Karbhari, on behalf of the Nawab, read the following address to his Excellency :—

May it please Your Excellency,—It is with the greatest pleasure and heartfelt joy that I welcome your Excellency and the distinguished members of your party to my State. On this occasion, however, I cannot but refer to the recent calamity that has befallen the Empire by the sudden and untimely death of his Royal Highness the Duke of Clarence and Avondale, and to express my respectful and deepest feeling of sympathy with her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress Victoria, their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales, and the other members of the Royal Family. The supply of drinking water at Murud was entirely from garden wells sunk in loose sandy soil. Many of them are mere holes dug in the earth without any masonry lining. The annual heavy fall of rain decomposes the decaying vegetable matter lying on the surface of the earth and mixes it with the water in the wells. The water is consequently brackish in taste and deleterious to health. The people had no alternative but to drink the impure water. It produced malaria and other diseases for which this place was well known. It was my earnest desire to remedy this evil, and on being assured that a sufficient supply of good potable water could be obtained from Shighre (Garbi), and as there could be no better work of public utility than the present one, I resolved to carry it out, and to mark my loyalty and devotion to the Imperial Crown of her Majesty the Queen-Empress, named it "The Victoria Jubilee Water-Works," in commemoration of the Jubilee of her glorious reign. The beneficent advice and assistance of the Political Agents, Mr. Keyser and Mr. Sinclair, and of the Government of Bombay, solicited by me, were, I am indeed grateful to say, promptly rendered. Under the order of Government the source of water-supply was inspected by Dr. C. W. MacRury, Sanitary Commissioner, and the water was analysed by the Chemical Analyser to Government. The line was first surveyed by Mr. Pinhey, and the project was prepared subsequently by Rao Bahadur G. R. Tilak, Executive Engineer, Ratnagherry and Kolaba Districts. When the plan and estimate, the latter amounting to Rs. 78,247, were finally adopted, I requested the Government of Bombay to be graciously pleased to lend me the services of their Public Works Department, which they did ; and the Executive Engineer, Ratnagherry and Kolaba Districts, was ordered to carry out the work. The necessary funds were placed at his disposal, and the work was vigorously taken in hand in the month of November, 1890. It has been energetically and carefully carried out by the supervisor, Mr. Chintaman Parashram Ketkar, and has been constantly and ably supervised by Rao Bahadur G. R. Tilak and Major-General C. A. Goodfellow. The length of the cast-iron main from the head-works to the service reservoir is four miles, and the difference of level 500 feet. In order to reduce this excessive pressure on the main, a small tank has been introduced at three-fourths of a mile from the head-works dam and 200 feet below it. The distance from the service reservoir to my residence is nearly two miles. Seven public cisterns have been built in the town at convenient places for the use of the residents, and some stand-pipes have also been erected according to their requirements. The discharges at the service reservoir from which the town of Murud is supplied with water and at the reservoir near my residence, as reported to me, were very satisfactory, being 53 and 34 gallons per minute, respectively. This was measured on the 6th June, 1891, when no rain had fallen, and the supply at the source was consequently at its minimum. The discharge at each of these tanks now is 140 and 40 gallons per minute, respectively. The supply seems to be ample for the residents of Murud and of the two villages on the line of the main, viz., Telavde and Shighre, the total population of the three being nearly 6,800. The work, I am happy to say, has now been successfully brought to its completion by the efforts of all the above-named officers, and I take this opportunity of publicly tendering my best thanks to them. I cannot sufficiently express my deep sense of gratitude to your Excellency, the most illustrious representative in this Presidency of our mother, Queen-Empress Victoria, for having spared a day in the midst of several pressing demands on your Excellency's most valuable time to do me the honour of opening the work. I am also thankful to all the members of your party for their visit to the State on this occasion. The Janjira State has had the high privilege and pleasure of enjoying the ancient and continued friendship and co-operation of the paramount British Power ; and the Victoria Water-Works, which I now beg leave to request your Excellency to declare open, have been constructed through the generous assistance rendered by the Bombay Government. The opening of the works by your Excellency will ever be gratefully remembered by my subjects and by myself.—I beg to subscribe myself, your Excellency's sincere friend.

In reply his Excellency congratulated the people of Janjira on the introduction of a supply of fresh water, and also on the public spirit and benevolence which obviously actuated the Nawab to introduce this great improvement on his own initiative. His Excellency then proceeded to the centre of the *mandap* to a small marble fountain, and turned a silver tap, causing the water to rise from a jet at the top. The Governor also called for a glass and sampled the new supply.

Subsequently Lord Harris returned to the Nawab's palace for luncheon. Afterwards his Excellency visited the Anglo-Vernacular School, and then returned to the Canning.

WANTED ANOTHER STATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—Hitherto, with the Byculla station near the Ollivant Bridge, the authorities were, perhaps, averse to opening a station in close proximity. But this obstacle has now been removed as Masjid and (new) Byculla are sufficiently apart from each other to make room for the proposed station. Lack of passenger traffic can hardly be pleaded in this instance, as the population of the locality is large enough to induce the Company to incur the outlay. It is to be hoped the Company will take the matter in hand at an early date.—Yours, &c.,

April 7. E.

THE AMIR ABDUL RAHMAN ON THE RUSSIANS AS FRIENDS OR ENEMIES.

(Concluded from yesterday's Bombay Gazette.)

"You" (Amir Shere Ali) "perished in Turkestan. You could not even pass the Oxus. You lit the fire of revolt in your own people, but you could not destroy that stronghold of Mahomedanism."

After the death of Shere Ali, his foolish son did what the most ignorant man could not do if left to himself ; he was given a lesson how to do it. Let us say the truth about this. When he could not protect the English, why did he trouble them to come so far ? He brought them here. When he thought of bringing them, why did not he consult his people, and ask their opinion ? His tribe is the same which has borne rule for the last forty years. Did he not know more than Shah Suja's name ? Did he not remember the proclamation of the English that the kingdom was from God, and the throne of the Amir and his rule from the Company ? The people thought what was proclaimed to be wrong, and that the English wished for the possession of the City. And they believed that if such was the case Shah Suja would kill himself rather than leave the kingdom in the hands of the strangers. But when he took anot her course, and did what was done, the people put him to death in shame and disgrace, and although they had no Prince over them, they rose and drove out the strangers from the City.

When Yakoob Khan knew that his people regarded with disapproval the keeping of Christians in their country, why did he not accept a Mahomadan Resident from the English ? Why did he bring an English Resident to Kabul, and allow him to be killed, and the forty years' fire of war of aforetime re-kindled between the two peoples ? He allowed himself to be taken captive as if he had the inheritance of foolishness from his father. Whatever he did was not for the good of his people, whom he left helpless. They thought of fighting, and rose in revolt of themselves and made war, though they had no good officers and leaders. They accepted in their helplessness the offer of anyone who came foremost to take command, such as Fakir Gazi who had risen in revolt at Jellalabad. When he was brought to me, and was asked his name and tribe he was found to be a man of a low origin from Herat. When such men placed themselves in opposition to the British Army, thousands were slaughtered, and thousands also fell on the side of the English. The fire of revolt had risen to such a pitch in Jellalabad, Kabul, Ghazni, and Kandahar that if I had not come up between them and showed my people the way to prosperity and peace, by making friends with the English, that fire of war would not have been extinguished for ever.

Now let us speak again of Penjdeh, and the opinion of General Lumsden. If he had accepted the support of the army I wanted to send from Kabul, the Russians would not have attacked first. And if they did attack they would not have been successful, and Penjdeh would not have been lost, and the tribes of the Jamshedis and others who are in the aggregated twenty thousand brave fighting men, on that side of the Boundary, would not have been tempted to join the Russians. When my army saw that the Russians had overpowered them, they retired, and the abovementioned rebels of course let the Russians know that the place was vacant, and that they might come. And they did come with confidence, and occupy the place. The shame of the Afghans is owing to the foolish idea of General Lumsden. He should have known that the friendship of the Russians is in no way beneficial and useful to the Afghans, so long as they do not give up the idea of taking India. Any army marching through Afghanistan and bringing ruin must be regarded by the Afghans as enemies. For example, if the Persians wish to pass through Afghanistan to go to fight with the Chinese, they are the enemies of the Afghans. If the Chinese intend going through Afghanistan to Persia, they are the enemy of the Afghans. In the same manner if the English passing through Afghanistan were to go to Turkistan to make war upon the Russians they likewise would be our enemies. So also with the Russians if they want to go to India. There is no difference in our enemies being Christians, Mahomedans, Turks, or Chinese. There is no enemy worse than any Power who wishes to crush the Afghans and pass through their country. Now it is evident that wise and prudent Afghans would never be friends with the Russians. The Afghans have wisdom enough to understand what is for their own good. If any one says that the Afghans do not possess wisdom, and know what is for their own good, he is wrong. For if they were not wise and of good understanding, how came that they heard me and accepted my advice when they were engaged in fighting with the English, I came up into the country, and placed myself at their head, and showed what was for their benefit, telling them that hereafter their advantage is in friendship and not in enmity with the English. And they themselves saw the many benefits accruing from the friendship of the English, and will see much in the future.

General Lumsden had wisdom and prudence for his high station, but he had not enough for the great work which was entrusted to him. And generally such wisdom is less in men who only judge from outward appearance, and take friends for foes.

Truly the Afghans are the real friends of the British, who have no intention of invading the Russian territory. And the Afghans consider the Russians their enemies and their destroyers, because they do not give up the idea of taking India.

If the Russians were to say that they would not go to India through Afghanistan but by entering Persia beyond the borders of Afghanistan, and that they have nothing to do with the kingdom of Afghanistan, still even then it must be seen that this movement of the Russians is altogether injurious and not in any way beneficial to the Afghans. As long as the British are the protectors and friends of the Afghans, we are not secure from the evil intentions of the Russians. How can the Afghans believe the Russians to be their friends, who promise to leave them their territory when they pass by their borders through Persia and even before their very eyes seek to weaken and conquer their friends ? Whatever the Russians may say to this effect is only to cheat and play a trick upon the Afghans. Now the Afghans should never allow them to pass even past along their borders and enter Persia, for being in rear of us their only object would be to take into their possession the borders also, and thus to make a clear road to pass through Afghanistan to India.

Ultimately, when the Russians have gained their object of taking Afghanistan, what arguments could be effectual to induce them to allow the Afghans to remain in peace and security ? It is better to fight it out to-day with them and stop their movements, rather than to be ruined to-morrow by them, in the very face of our protectors and friends. If the Russians believe they can overthrow the Afghans as well as their friends, they would not hesitate, but by Allah, the Afghans will surely not allow themselves to be over-powered easily, or submit to their rule. At the time when I had conquered Kandahar, and when I received a letter from the people of Jak (Turkestan) stating that the Russians were coming very near their country and advancing daily towards their limits and apparently intended to take their country from them. And they said they had no leader and they would lose their country. They asked that I should be their leader. I sent this said letter to the British, who prevented me from interfering. If the English had not prevented me, but had allowed me to go from Kandahar, I would have immediately settled the dispute at Herat ; and would have taken an army to Merv, and occupied the place. I would have appeased the Turkomans and given them security. There was also a fine opportunity to bring the Russians and Afghan armies face to face at Penjdeh. But that opportunity was lost by the blindness and error of the British officers in charge, who at that time of war withheld me from it.

Now I speak these things openly and for the very reason that the British Envoy, who is present, may hear them and may communicate them to his Government. When any British officer or statesman who desires friendship with the Russians, and who is lost in the thought of releasing the Afghans from their present dilemma, and tries to dissuade the Afghans from the friendship of the English, were designedly to say that the Afghans ultimately would be friends with the Russians, and were to make some of his friends and co-religionists believe such assertions, the British Ministers would never believe or ever hear his false statements, and would give no need to what is said by a man who has an evil object in view.

THE HUME CIRCULAR.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—It is almost inconceivable how Mr. A. O. Hume, an old member of the Indian Civil Service, who has perhaps moved in the highest atmosphere of the Indian Government, cannot afford to see things in their true and proper light. We who know very little of his past history can only construe his recent utterances as the ravings of a dotard. His circular letter of the 16th February, 1892—and his subsequent letters for that matter —might, perhaps, be the outcome of his sincere folly, but they are none the less mischievous and harmful at a time when the rabid native press has been drilling every educated man into ignorance, discontent, and disobedience. We are particularly concerned with one phase of this degeneration of the educated native mind. We are straining matters to a point almost beyond the inexhaustible forbearance of our rulers. There must be a certain judicious reserve between the governing class and the people, and it is the duty of us all to bring it to a minimum. The inflammatory character of our political movements, however, is calculated to widen the gulf. Cannot the Congress and its sister-institutions be guided by the example of the Bombay University, by which the privilege of electing two Fellows annually was accepted with excellent common-sense and good grace. It is perfectly idle to wax wrathful at the growing poverty of India when, perhaps, the true causes leading to it are ignored, and when the Congress is as far off from the means to counteract the evil as heaven from earth. The seven congresses have managed between themselves to consume a million of public money, and an unfathomable depth of public energy. An inestimable cure for the growing poverty indeed ! and we are taught sedition and anarchy in return !! We have not condescended to concern ourselves with education, development of the natural resources of the country, commerce on the joint stock principle, moral and social regeneration and sanitation, and other things whose name is legion, and we are only adding to our tall talk of political franchise.—Yours, &c., V. K. S.

Deorukh, April 4.

A READING-ROOM FOR BYCULLA.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—Kindly allow me to draw the attention of the well-to-do and generous citizens of this City to the want of a reading-room and library by the majority of the residents in Byculla who, unfortunately, having little leisure at their disposal after daily work, cannot conveniently afford to go and take advantages of the libraries situated at Dadur and Pydhowni.

I am informed by some persons that there is a good stock of books in the Victoria Museum, but no particular use is made of them. If such is the case, why should not the Municipal authorities create a library there by adding a few daily vernacular and English papers, if not books, and open the same to the public. —Yours, &c.,

April 6. D.

MILITARY NEWS.

CONDUCTOR W. ATHERTON, Ordnance Department (Barrack Branch) has been permitted to retire from the Service.

BRIGADE-SURGEON LIEUTENANT-COLONEL B. REWMAN, Indian Medical Service, has been permitted to return to duty.

LIEUTENANT J. A. HANNINGTON, 1st Battalion Worcestershire Regiment, has been appointed a Probationer for the Indian Staff Corps.

CONDUCTOR ARTHUR COGHLAN, Ordnance Department, has been permitted to retire from the Service.

COLONEL H. B. JACOB, Staff Corps, has been granted one year's leave to proceed out of India, on private affairs.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL W. S. HORE, Commandant, 20th Bombay Infantry, has been granted one year's leave, on private affairs.

SURGEON-CAPTAIN HENRY PEERS DIMMOCK and Surgeon-Captain Charles Bradley Maitland have been promoted to the rank of Surgeon-Major.

CAPTAIN A. L. YATE, Staff Corps, Wing Commander, 29th Bombay Infantry, has been granted leave, on private affairs, for six months.

LIEUTENANT M. L. HORNBY, 1st Battalion East Lancashire Regiment, has been appointed a Probationer for the Indian Staff Corps.

SECOND-LIEUTENANT C. H. ALEXANDER, Indian Staff Corps, has been granted leave, on medical certificate, for six months.

LIEUTENANT M. F. A. SEXTON, Indian Staff Corps, has been granted six months' extension of leave, on medical certificate.

THE REV. G. H. Lewis, B.A., Chaplain of Deesa and Abu, has been granted one year's furlough.

LIEUTENANT KING, East Lancashire Regiment, has been appointed a Probationer to the 3rd Bombay infantry.

MAJOR SIR C. LESLIE, 4th Gurkhas, rejoins the 2nd Battalion.

MAJOR T. DOYLE, Invalid Establishment, has been deputed to pay Native Military Pensioners in the Presidency circle.

LIEUTENANT R. B. LOW, 9th B. L., has been appointed officiating Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Sir R. Low, K.C.B.

CAPTAIN MACINTYRE, 1-2nd Gurkhas, has been appointed Officiating Wing Commander, 42nd Gurkha Rifles.

CAPTAIN P. MALCOLM, 2-4th Gurkhas, has been appointed Station Staff Officer, Meerut.

LIEUTENANTS BASEVI, South Wales Borderers, and Douglas, Gloucestershire Regiment, have been posted to the 23rd Madras Infantry and 8th Bengal Infantry, respectively, as Probationers for the Staff Corps.

LIEUTENANT PREE, 2nd Punjab Cavalry, will attend the equitation class to be assembled at Umballa on the 1st April, 1892.

LIEUTENANT H. R. M. CURRIE, 2nd Sikhs, has been appointed officiating Aide-de-Camp to Major-General Sir W. Lockhart, K.C.B.

LIEUTENANT C. R. JOHNSON, 44th Gurkhas, has been transferred to the 1-5th Gurkha Rifles.

THE following appointments have been made :—7th Bengal Infantry—Major A. W. Jamieson to be Commandant, *vice* Way vacated. Major E. G. Barrow to be 2nd-in-Command and to be seconded for appointment to the Hong-Kong Regiment. Major W. G. Mansel, from 8th Bengal Infantry to be Wing Commander and 2nd-in-Command, *sub pro tem*, *vice* Barrow. Captain A. Elderton to be Wing Commander, *sub. pro tem*.

COLONEL H. C. LEWES, R. A., has been appointed Inspector-General of Artillery in India, *vice* Major-General Nairne.

CAPTAIN E. D. J. O'BRIEN, 3rd Dragoon Guards, has been appointed Officiating Station Staff Officer, Ferozepore.

CAPTAIN G. C. KITSON, D. A. A. G., Meerut District, has been appointed Officiating A. A. G., Sirhind District.

CAPTAIN K. S. DAVISON, D. A. A. G., has been transferred from Allahabad to Meerut.

CAPTAIN H. M. S. GROVER, S. S. O., Meerut, has been appointed Officiating D. A. A. G., Allahabad.

MAJOR O. E. M. DAVIES, D. A. A. G., has been promoted A. A. G., Peshawur, *vice* Jenkins.

CAPTAIN COLIN MACKENZIE, A.-D.-C., to H. E. the Commander-in-Chief, has been appointed D. A. A. G., *vice* Davies.

CAPTAIN SMITH-DORIEN will officiate as D. A. A. G., Oudh District, until Captain Mackenzie joins his appointment at Quetta.

MR. A. H. PLUNKETT, City Magistrate, Poona, has been granted privilege leave for two months.

THE appointment of Mr. J. Sladen, C.S., as Assistant Commissioner in Sind, has been cancelled.

ISSIK KUL AND THE KARA KIRGHESE.—II.

[BY HENRY LANSDELL, D.D., M.R.A.S., F.R.G.S.]

On driving into Karakol we were to a certain extent breaking new ground. The late Mr. Eugene Schuyler, who travelled Turkestan so thoroughly in 1873, and wrote upon it so well afterwards, drove only to the western end of Issik Kul. Mr. Ashton Dilke about the same date must have driven along its northern shore, because he told me that when turned back by the officials at Vierny from proceeding towards Tashkend, he "dodged" the opposition by going to Kuldja, and then, passing into the mountains to Issik Kul, descended to Tokmak; but he did not mention having visited Karakol; the only English writer known to me, who had pushed on to this out-of-the-way place being Mr. Delmar Morgan.

Karakol may be compared in winter to Siberia and in summer to the Engadine. From November to the close of February the little town is visited by violent storms, and the snow lies more than 4 feet deep. Spring brings abundant rains and frequent fogs, whilst in summer, from May to July, the heat goes up sometimes to 40° (Reaumir) notwithstanding which the climate is healthy and agreeable.

The oscillations in atmospheric pressure are more frequent than in the plains, and, according to Lehmann, increase the number of respirations and beatings of the pulse so as to be favourable to organic metamorphosis ; in fact recourse has been made to these variations to explain the therapeutic action of mountain air, but Dr. Seeland, Chief of the Army Medical Department, whom I met in Vierny, says he has also observed frequently that these oscillations when too great and rapid provoke other morbid symptoms, as, for instance, in nervous persons, aggravated irritability, head-ache, palpitation of the heart, sleeplessness, &c.

Karakol lies at an elevation of nearly 6,000 feet amid charming scenery, at the foot of a magnificent mountain range, called the Terskei Ala-tau, which extends all along the southern shore of Issik Kul and continues eastward right up to Khan Tengri, the monarch of the region, which may be seen from Karakol towering up to a height of 24,000 feet, a virgin peak awaiting the attentions of some knight of the Alpine Club. Directly east of Karakol is the Tasma range, over which passes the postal pack road to the Tekes Valley. At the times of our visit these mountains presented a splendid panorama of snowclad peaks ; but I did not hear that mountain climbing, pure and simple, was much in fashion.

Calling on the *Uyezdi nachalnik* I found that he had been kind enough to place a house at my disposal, with a Cossack in attendance ; but finding the abode rather out of the way, and foreseeing that my stay would be short, I preferred to put up at the post-house, where I could better get provisions, make sundry repairs, and have my tarantass put in order. Here Colonel Vaouline, whom I met by chance in the street, kindly came to my assistance, sent to me the battalion smith, and helped me in other ways.

In the evening I went to a little party gathered at the house of the *nachalnik*, and met among the guests Colonel Korolkoff, with whose brother, the Governor of Ferghana, I had stayed in 1882 in Samarkand. I found, moreover, that the *nachalnik* had arranged for horses to take me forward, but learned to my disappointment that my only way of proceeding thence to my destination was by going over the Santash Pass in the snow mountains, where there was no shelter or even tent wherein to spend the night, to Djarkand, and thence doubling back 200 miles to Vierny. This was a great disappointment, first because I was not equipped for camping out, and next, having been under the impression that I could get down to Vierny by the road somewhat to the east of the lake, which reaches the plains at Chilik in the Ili Valley, the idea of going so far out of the way as Djarkend was out of the question. Had we been on horseback matters would have been easier, since there are bridle paths, but with a tarantass there was no other alternative but to return to Pishpek, which accordingly I determined to do.

Less than twenty-four hours sufficed for a night's rest, and to replenish our larder, thanks partly to the good people at the post-house who cooked for us three chickens at the cost of a rouble (then worth less than eighteenpence) ; whilst a good-natured policeman told off to guard me and mine, and who though excused from watching by night, made his re-appearance at sunrise, helped us in sundry minor arrangements, so that before the sun was high we were ready to start. About 10 miles from Karakol we crossed the Jergalan river, which runs into Issik Kul at Jergalen Bay. Here may be seen encamped in summer the Karakol garrison whilst scattered about are the tents of the nomad Kara-Kirghese.

On my previous visit to Central Asia, a friend in Vierny had been anxious that I should see something of these nomads, but I then succeeded only in visiting the Kirghese of the plains called Kazaks, and of whom I afterwards wrote three or four chapters in my "Russian Central Asia." On the present journey I saw only the Kara-Kirghese, concerning whom I would make certain observations partly from what I saw and partly on the authority of Dr. Seeland.

The Kara-Kirghese dwell northward for the most part in the mountainous districts of Issik Kul and Tokmak, but many are found also in the southern portion of the Tian Shan, on Chinese territory. They spread eastward to the Lizert Pass ; westward among the mountains of Ferghana, to Samarkand ; and besides those dwelling on the independent portions of the Pamir, I met on my way to India a few dwellings as far south as the Kilian Pass.

When or whence the Kara-Kirghese settled in their present homes is unknown. In certain places the Kalmiks preceded them, but it is noteworthy that all about the Issik Kul valley have been found vestiges, such as hatchets, lamps, spearheads, and sickles pointing to an ancient people further advanced in civilisation than either Kirghese or Kalmik. Neither of these works in copper or brass, and their agriculture is only of yesterday, so that seemingly they had formerly no need of the sickle, whilst the bricks, and money discovered all point to another stratum of society, an Altaic origin being usually attributed to the Kirghese because of their language.

I had several opportunities of observing their dress, or I might add, the want of it, for many were very ragged, and the children ran about naked. Next the skin is worn a long shirt of wool or cotton, and stockings of felt ; when wide trousers of cotton or leather, over which is put a long khalat, like a dressing gown with long sleeves. They have boots of leather, with goloshes, the shaven head is covered with a *tiltcika* or skull cap, which in turn is covered with a fantastically pointed hat of felt or a busby of sheepskin. When travelling in winter, the busby is replaced by a *malakhai* or pointed hood lined with sheepskin and furnished with a flap or curtain covering the neck and shoulders. The costume of the women in many respects resembles that of the men with one marked difference, however, of head-dress, which in the case of the married woman is an enormous bonnet or series of bandages of white cotton covering everything up to the sides of the face, the neck, the shoulders, and part even of the back. The woman's hair is platted into small braids, from which dangle at the end coins among the rich, but with the poor various metallic ornaments, some of them being sufficiently grotesque, as for instance odd keys and a broken brass tap, which I saw suspended from the tresses of a fair one at the western end of Issik Kul.

In driving along the lake we saw numerous tents, the only habitation known to the Kara-Kirghese. The carcase of their tent resembles a cage, the lower portion of which consists of a trellis work of rods, which can be extended or folded at will ; outside this carcase is covered with felt. The top of the cupola has a hole that serves for window and chimney unless bad weather requires this also to be covered with felt ; whilst the only entrance is closed by a felt curtain suspended from the lintel of a wooden doorway. The flooring is replaced by felts and carpets, and in the middle is lighted the fire usually of wormwood, coarse herbage, or dried dung, beneath a huge cauldron and tripod. Rolls of felt and wadded cushions are placed against the trellis work, on which are suspended household utensils, arms, saddlery, and articles of clothing. It is only the rich who possess tables of wood, and I scarcely remember seeing such a thing as a bedstead. An ordinary number of persons to a tent may be taken at four, to whom belong on the average, in the district of Tokmak, 1 camel, 1 horse, 2 horned cattle, and 20 sheep ; whilst about Issik Kul each tent possesses only half a camel, and 1 horse, but 3 horned cattle and 25 sheep. A man who possesses sheep by hundreds is counted in easy circumstances ; with more than a thousand he is rich ; whilst the poor man has but one horse and a few sheep. Formerly the Kara-Kirghese were richer and they now partly attribute their poverty to the occupation of some of their best lands by Russian Colonists and Cossacks, as well as Dungan and Tarantchi emigrants from Kuldja.

After driving past the Issik Kul Monastery we arrived at Preobajensk where there came out a man asking medical advice on behalf of his daughter, which I was obliged to decline the honour of giving, though perhaps I could have prescribed as well as some of their Kirghese doctors, who are great believers in "like cures like" and the use of symbolical and sympathetic measures. Thus, for an obstinate attack of yellow jaundice, they wear on the forehead a piece of gold, or better, cause the patient to look at it for a whole day, or if a piece of gold be lacking, which is generally the case, they substitute a brass basin. A singular remedy is adopted against dyspnœa, or fainting, which they call "mountain sickness." This they represent to themselves under the form of a modest young lady before whom they utter to the patient the most obscene and disgusting expressions, thinking thereby to shock the lady's chastity and drive her away.

As illustrative of symbolical treatment may be mentioned that if the malady reside in the lungs or liver they give the patient to eat the corresponding parts of an animal, thinking, for instance, to cure ophthalmia by administering the roasted eyes of an ox ! Again, the treatment of intermittent fever, and difficult parturition by fright, are still more remarkable. In the latter case if the child does not appear with becoming celerity, the sage women press the mother, a strong man being called into help. Sometimes, however, they put the patient upon a horse, which they cause to gallop about, or better, they resolve to frighten out the devil (for, of course, the disorder can be due to no one else) and make him give up his prey. For this purpose the woman is led in front of the tent supported by the arms, and there suddenly rushes out before her a troop of horsemen brandishing their nagaikas or whips and uttering screams and noises diabolical. These pieces of medical information are given on the authority of Dr. Seeland, after which his remarks are not surprising that such remedies sometimes end in the death of both mother and child.

Towards the western end of the lake we turned aside from the post-road to a few Kirghese dwellings on the shore. Here we were told some fish would be procurable, and so there were, but suitable for cooking rather than specimens (which was what I wanted), some being salted and others cut up and dried. Prices, however, were not ruinous. Three pence three farthings for half-a-dozen large fish was said to be an exorbitant demand and a penny half-penny was nearer what should have been asked. In the present cluster of dwellings we saw the last of the Kara-Kirghese, and I attempted a photograph of the western end of the lake, with the Terskei Ala-tau in the distance, and a group of Kirghese women and their ragged children in the foreground.

The Kirghese women marry young, often at 15, sometimes at 13, and the *kalim* paid for a rich bride varies from 40 to 120 sheep or more, besides which presents are tendered, or clothing and jewellery, such as give the bride on the wedding day a somewhat splendid appearance.

When this is reduced to the level of everyday life, and children come on apace the Kirghese wife has no easy time of it, as we saw in the tents at Issik Kul. Entering one of them I found within a number of lambs and kids taken in for shelter, whilst without were some of their skins stretched in the sun and covered apparently with lime, but the whole indicating poverty. They seemed to have no objection to my photographic operations, which finished, and having taken a last look at the beautiful lake, we drove to Kutemaldi, posted again over two stages with five horses, and arrived at Pishpek early on the following morning.

I should have greatly preferred to have gone from Tokmak by the old mountain road over the Kastek pass, followed, I take it, by the travellers of the Middle Ages ; but it was said to be all but unusable for a tarantass, and with no postal accommodation, so that the only alternative was to proceed by the longer road made by the Russians in the plains. Accordingly, after stopping a few hours at Pishpek, and taking lunch with Colonel Puschin, we started for Vierny, thus bringing to a conclusion a pleasant detour to Issik Kul and the tents of the Kara-Kirghese.

NOTIFICATIONS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

TEXT-BOOKS.

It is notified that the following text-books have been prescribed by the Syndicate for the First B.A. Examination of November 1892 (old rules) :—

English.—Milton—Paradise Regained, Books III. and IV. Gray—Poems included in the Clarendon Press edition of Selections from his Poetical Works by E. W. Gosse. Samuel Johnson—Lives of the Poets selected by Mathew Arnold : Milton, Dryden, Swift and Pope. Tennyson—Idylls of the King : from the Coming of Arthur to the end of Merlin and Vivien as arranged in the one volume edition of the complete work.

Sanskrit.—Bana—Harsharita, Chapters I—III. Visakhadatta—Mudrarakshasa. Laugakshi Bhaskara—Tarkakaumudi.—Magha—S'is' upalavadha, cantos I. —III.

Latin.—Virgil—Æneid, Book I and II. Cicero—De Natura Deorum, Book I. Cicero—De Officiis, Book I.

Arabic.—Alf-Laila—Nights 81—110. Mollakat—Tarafa.

French.—Guizot—Histoire de la Civilisation en Europe (Ed : Didier quai des Grands-Augustins, Paris). Racine—Esther, edited by G. Saintsbury, M.A. (Clarendon Press Series). Voltaire—Siecle de Louis XIV., Vol. I., edited by Victor Oger (Hachette and Co.'s Edition).

Persian.—Habeeb-os-Sear—History of Timoor. Hafiz—Odes I.—50.

AN EXTRA VISHVANATH NARAYEN MANDLIK GOLD MEDAL.

No essay having been received by the proper date for the Vishavnath Narayen Mandlik Gold Medal of 1891, and the medal not having been consequently awarded, an extra Mandlik Gold Medal will be awarded for

THE DANTE AND ARDAI-VERAF CONTROVERSY.

To the recent controversy raised by Mr. Jeevunjee Jamsetjee Modý's paper on the analogy between some of the passages in Dante and Ardai-Veraf, a correspondent, M. P. K., who is a close student of his own national religion and philosophy, makes a valuable contribution. He says *inter alia* :—Was it mental aberration or rather some external crisis in the consciousness of these dreamers—the Italian poet and the Persian Dastur—that drove them to the marshalling of their visionary powers to penetrate the veil that hides the hereafter from fleshly eyes? Can it be translation, as such one of them would have us believe? Here is a poet who, in a language of his own creation—nature's own language—sings of things and worlds unseen by mortal eyes, and no one seems to give greater credence to what he sees and says than himself. There is the Persian priest and mystic (to most of our readers more a name than a reality) who falls into a trance, is translated, though not bodily to the worlds which it is not the privilege of mortals to see, and dictates to the attendant scribes, while yet in the trance, the experiences of his celestial pilgrimage. The truth is that each seems to have worked under conditions specially his own. The influences that moulded the Italian seer, the sorrows that chastened him, the activities and aspirations that quickened him, Iranian visionary—the [illegible] of the National Church, the revival of the long-forgotten creed, the associations of the Church and the State, were peculiarly Iranian. The key to the right understanding of the inner meaning of each—the tone that pervades, the national bias that characterises, the undercurrent that runs through the writings of both, is to be found in the fact that the seer and the vision cannot be comprehended apart, the one runs into the other. Dante is a Florentine and Florentine influences cling to him in the journey—he has Florentine guides to lead him through the dream-land where he sees none but the Florentines. Ardai-Veraf is an Iranian, and one would expect Iranian influences to shape him, but he has angels for his guides and is less national, if not mundane, in the accounts of his pilgrimage. In the mystic accounts of both, there must needs be vagueness—an outline veiled in the mists of awe and reverence, a sort of blurred reflection of ultra-mundane sights—a distorted expression that must clothe ultra-mundane ideas with something that is familiar in earthly life—the inevitable habiliment of ethereal visions with earthly forms. But that is an apology for the expression—language. The great question remains unsolved. Could the dreamland of vision of these mystics be a reality? Barring the differences which are owing to the undercurrent of national bias, the resemblances of visions lead us to the conclusion at which those who profess to be under no hold of traditionalism would sneer. A keenest audacity of human speculation, a mere cloudland of nebulosity, and they get up from the perusal in a half derisive mood. Can it be that these men of lofty aspirations, the keynote of whose life was divine simplicity, were not above deception? The veil of allegory that enshrouds the visionary details of Dante's life is the pivot on which the right understanding of his life and writings equipoises. It has been found very hard to dismiss this with a sneer. As for the Iranian seer, he was a recluse, and as such he courted the world too little to be an impostor. Unaffected by the great revolution that helped the Persian Monarchy to rise, phœnix-like, from its ashes, Ardai-Veraf "remote from towns, he ran his godly race," till the royal mandate summoned him to the council of elders convoked for the purpose of reviving the national church. The council chose from amongst themselves the purest and the most learned, and these again chose seven who, as if by a process of filtration, chose one and that was Ardai-Veraf. Certainly not the sort of man to be an impostor. The materialization of the ethereal world—Paradise, Purgatory, and Hell, peopling them with the blessed, the penitent, the reprobate, is something which the critical mind in a critical age dismisses as what is not entitled to our acceptance for incapability of demonstration. The only ground of certitude is the possibility of weak mundane expression of the blurred reflection of sights and scenes that transcend language. St. John's Book of Revelation is a lucid protraiture of a similar pilgrimage, Dharma Raja was allowed to peep into Kailas. The Christian proto-martyr "saw the heavens opened." I believe Humanity is more than sense and intellect. There is the primordial endowment of intuition "which looks forth upon the higher world of reality." There are natural realities beyond the power of demonstration yet invincible to doubt. "We discover truths," says Pascal, "not only by *reasoning*, but by *feeling*, and it is in this latter manner that we discover the first principles, and in vain does reasoning which has no share in their production, try to combat these principles." The striking similarities of the scenes of these pilgrimages seem to be truths that are felt and cannot therefore be argued away. This intuitive vision may yet be one of those many more things in Nature that our philosophy has not dreamt of.

THE FLOWERS OF INDIA.

SURGEON-MAJOR K. R. KIRTIKAR, I.M.S., read a lecture on the above subject at the Sassoon Mechanics' Institute on Monday, at which Colonel Merewether presided. In the course of his remarks the lecturer said :—To us Hindoos the uses of flowers are manifold. Their existence is wedded with our own. Though no idolator myself now for the past quarter of a century, there was a time in my early life when following the custom of my forefathers I worshipped the gods and goddesses, the Lares and Penates of my paternal home with a profusion of flowers that the surrounding garden or nearest flower market could afford, before I began my daily duties. To the Ganpati—the God of Wisdom—I offered the scarlet *Jaswan* (*Hibiscus rosasinensis*) ; to Shiva I offered the cream white *Kanchan* (*Bauhinia variegata*) and the purple *Dhatura* (*Dhatura fastuosa*) ; to Vishnu I offered the *Parijatak* (*Nyctanthes arbor-tristis*) and racemes of Tulsi (*Ocymum sanctum*) ; to Marutigarlands of *Rui* (*Calotropis gigantea* ; and you my Hindu hearers who still choose to follow the faith and rituals of our fathers are to this day doing the same. You are not wrong in thus following your faith and offering these pure unsullied gifts of nature to your and to Nature's God, if you only remember that they ought to stir in you your noblest passions and lead you on to appreciate what is absolutely pure and unsullied in Nature. To follow ud these floral offerings to the Hindoo gods and goddesses, I may mention that in the *Nowratra* holidays the shrines of Lakshmi, Amba, or Durga are adorned with lotuses of all colours and the flowers of Guljafri (*Tagetes erecta*). When small-pox is raging in a Hindoo house, we entwine the cradle of the baby stricken with the foul disease with wreaths of jasmin and leaves of Nim (*Azardirachta indica*), and propitiate the goddess Shitala, who is supposed to restore the baby to health, with all the choicest flowers of the season. On all joyful occasions and on occasions of special thankfulness to our gods we distribute flowers and sugar to our near and dear lady friends and relations. When our dear ones depart this life, the jasmin interspersed with the leaves and racemes of Tulsi deck their mortal remains as they are borne to the funeral pyre, their last dissolving place. No Hindoo lady that dies during the life time of her husband leaves her home in death without having her hair decked with the choicest flowers of the season as though they were symbolical of that purity in which she leaves this world in prospect of joining the regions above where what constitutes the impure is utterly unknown. Our virgin bride, too, comes in for a full share of these serene emblems of purity. The very agreeable custom of our ladies wearing fresh flowers in their hair is well known to those who know our domestic habits. Every married lady considers it her privilege and her prerogative to wear the flowers that the varying seasons of the year produce. In the days of her widowhood she discards this pleasure, among the many things she denies herself, or has to deny herself in obedience to the national custom, or on the assumption of the austerities of her altered life and solitary existence. The husband gone, there is nobody to wear the flowers for, and she does not wear them. She considers that her privilege is gone for ever, however much she may regret it. Thus you will see how through the varied walks of life and in the daily duties and pleasures of a Hindoo home flowers come in for their share of attention and usefulness. The lecturer then directed the attention of his hearers to the structural peculiarities of various flowers in this country.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is sold by Medicine dealers every where at 1s. 1½d. per bottle.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE Lahore paper learns that the enquiry which has been going on lately at Rampur into matters connected with the murder of the late Vice-President of that State, has resulted in the committal of all the accused, except two who turned approvers, to the Sessions for trial. A special Sessions, presided over by two Judges specially appointed, namely, Messrs. R. S. Ackman and T. R. Redfern, will most probably be shortly held for the trial of the accused.

A LEARNED judge in an Indian High Court once interrupted an unfortunate suitor, who was complaining loudly in Court of the injustice of a judgment which had gone against her, by exclaiming testily :—"My good woman, I am here to administer the law and not to administer justice." The story is recalled, says the *Pioneer*, by a curious instance of the administration of the Income Tax Act, which has just been brought to our notice. A collector in a Province, which shall for the present at all events be nameless, inquired at head-quarters whether the profits derived from gambling or the receipt of stolen property were exempt from taxation. The highest financial authority in the Province passed on the problem to the highest local functionary, who after mature consideration delivered the opinion that there was nothing in the Income Tax Act which exempted from taxation income derived from the sources named. The financial authority "concurred," so that collectors in the Province will now have a new source of revenue, and the Income Tax returns will swell in proportion to the gains of the gambler and the profits of the receiver. Surely there was never a more ridiculous example of the absurdity to which legal interpretation may be reduced. One would imagine that the profits derived from the receipts of stolen property were for the cognisance of the police and not of the collector. If an official knows of the existence of stolen property or of the receipts derived therefrom, the obvious expedient is surely confiscation and not taxation. The case of gambling is less absurd. There has from the first been much to criticise in the manner in which the Income Tax Act has been administered, but vagaries of this sort should have been deemed impossible and incredible, were it not that we have the facts on the most unimpeachable authority.

ACCORDING to trans-frontier news, writes the Lahore paper, the Amir's General, Gholam Haider, has at last made known what the intentions of the Amir towards Bajaur are. He is said to have informed the Khan of Nawagi, who is to co-operate with the Amir's troops, that the Amir has no intention of annexing Bajaur to Afghanistan ; but only Asmar which, according to tradition, used to be part of Afghanistan. The rest of Bajaur will be conquered, and after the defeat of Umra Khan, will be divided between the ex-Khan of Dir, the Khan of Nawagi, Dilaram Khan, Torlalai and other Chiefs who have been driven out by Umra Khan ; and that all these Chiefs will be independent, the Amir claiming no control over them. This programme appears, we think, a little too self-denying to be carried out to the letter ; but, even were it so, we do not think it is consonant with the Amir's understanding with the Government of India that he should interfere with the ruler of Bajaur, who is well-disposed towards the Government ; and for the latter's policy it is much better that Bajaur (and Swat also, if possible) should be united under a strong ruler like Umra Khan, with whom definite arrangements could be made.

THE Ceylon papers learn that the movement started by Mr. Gordon Reeves of Matale for getting up a corps of mounted infantry in the planting districts of Ceylon is progressing favourably. The lists sent round have not been returned yet, but over a hundred names are already down, and as the minimum number which would justify the formation of the corps was stated by the military authorities to be 70, we may take it for granted that the scheme will be put into operation before long. It is anticipated that eventually 150 names will be secured.

SIR WM. MARKBY, K.C.I.E., Fellow, Tutor to the Probationers, and Bursar of Balliol College, Oxford, and Sir Frederick Pollock, Fellow of Corpus and Professor of Jurisprudence, have been appointed by Lord Knutsford Commissioners to inquire into the administration of justice in the islands of Trinidad and Tobago. The Commissioners were to leave England on March 30, and expected to return by the end of June.

THE Secretary of State has asked for monthly information as to death-rate in each affected District in Madras and how far any increase of death-rate as compared with the normal death-rate is due directly or indirectly to famine. In assigning the causes of any increase collectors are to do so from the general knowledge of the condition of their districts and after consulting their respective district medical officers. The death-rate is to be calculated on the Census figures of 1891. To obtain the normal death-rate of the affected districts the sanitary commissioner has been asked to work it out for each month on the average mortality of the last 10 years. The figures are to be taken for each taluq of the district to enable a correct comparison of the mortality, as in some districts only portions are affected.

THE Bishop of Worcester has declined to follow the example of his episcopal brethren of Ely, Exeter and Lincoln in the matter of dispensation from Lenten fasts. Asked by a clergyman in his diocese to grant him demission on account of the weak state of his health, Dr. Perowne has replied that he is "not aware that our Church has prescribed a fast during Lent, much less laid down any rules for its observance." Moreover, he thinks, that "common-sense" should lead those who are weak to take such food as they require.

WALLETT, the Queen's Jester, died on Sunday at Beeston, near Nottington, aged 86. The deceased, who was known for sixty years as one of the most versatile performers in the circus ring, earned his title through appearing before Her Majesty and the Prince Consort at Windsor in 1844, when he was a member of Van Amburgh's Company.

IT is stated that the Spanish Government has purchased the late Mr. W. H. Smith's steam yacht the Pandora, and she will be used as a dispatch boat. The Pandora was built at Port Glasgow in 1870.

A DISTURBANCE occurred at the Casino at Monte Carlo, on Monday night (March 14). As the visitors were leaving the gambling saloons, a lady suddenly turned upon a gentleman near her and gave him two violent boxes on the ear. A scuffle ensued, and ultimately the police were obliged to interfere, and conducted the lady and gentleman and some other persons who had taken part in the *fracas* to the police station.

THE fashionable hairdressers (writes a correspondent) of the West End are dissatisfied with the present fashions for ladies' coiffures. They are so simple that any lady can dress her hair without professional assistance, and they do not entail the use of false hair. The Academie Internationale de Coiffure have before them a scheme whereby it is hoped to depopularise the simple Greek styles. It is proposed to hold an exhibition of hairdressing on a very large scale in May, with a view to pushing new designs to the front. Ladies themselves are said to be asking for something new.

A NOVEL application of the electric light is now to be witnessed in the vehicles of the London General Omnibus Company. Owing to the difficulty of deciphering the crumpled tickets at night the inspectors have been provided with an electrical apparatus, which, from a case about the size of a hunting watch fastened to the waistcoat, throws a steady, mild, and most effective light on the dirtiest and most tattered tickets. The battery is concealed in a side pocket, and furnishes an eight hours' supply of electricity. As the light is only used for two or three minutes on each bus it generally lasts for two nights. It appears that the company have been driven to this course owing to the large number of old tickets which they allege is being foisted on the public.

BOMBAY SEASON REPORTS.

THE following Season Reports for the week ending 5th April were published in yesterday's "Governmet Gazette" :—

Karachi.—Strong westerly breezes. River at Kotri on 4th 3 feet 7 inches against 8 feet 8 inches on same date last year. Rabi harvesting in progress. Spring crops flourishing. Preparations for kharif cultivation in 4 delta talukas. Fodder scanty in 5 talukas.

Shikarpur.—Crops fair. Reaping of early crops continue. Locusts appeared in Shikarpur Taluka, causing no damage. Fodder insufficient throughout district.

Hyderabad.—Rabi harvesting continues. Wheat slightly damaged in Hala by south-westerly winds and in Tando-Bago by insects. Agricultural stock in poor condition owing to scarcity of fodder caused by want of rain.

Upper Sind Frontier.—Locusts observed in all four talukas : no damage caused. Jowari 32 against 50 lbs. last year, and bajri 34 against 60 lbs.

Thar and Parkar.—Adawah sowings completed. Oil-seed harvest completed in Sanghar Taluka ; in progress elsewhere.

Ahmedabad.—(For week ending 2nd April).—Cotton picking in progress. Agricultural stock in good condition. Fodder-supply sufficient. Prices stationary.

Panch Mahals.—Threshing of rabi crops continues. Agricultural stock in good condition. Fodder-supply sufficient.

Kaira.—(For week ending 2nd April).—Standing crops in good condition. Cotton picking and wheat reaping progressing. Prospects good. Agricultural stock in good condition. Fodder-supply sufficient.

Broach.—Standing crops in good condition. Cotton picking and harvesting of jowari and wheat in progress. Prospects of cotton fair and of other crops good. Condition of fodder-supply good and agricultural stock healthy.

Surat.—Cotton picking almost completed. Prospects and proable outturn of crops good. Fodder sufficient and agricultural stock good.

Khandesh.—Threshing of bajri, jowari, tur, wheat, gram and other grains and preparation of land for next season continue. Condition of fodder-supply and agricultural stock good. Prices of food grains continue high.

Nasik.—Threshing nearly completed in Sinnar, Igatpuri, Chandor and Peint, and in progress in others. Condition of fodder supply and agricultural stock fair. Prices of food-grain rising in Yeola Taluka.

Colaba (Bombay).—Abnormal temperature 2° warm from 30th to 1st, and 4° warm from 2nd to 5th. Vapour in air excessive except on 2nd when it was normal. Abnormal wind southerly on 30th, 31st, 3rd and 4th : wind normal on all other days.

Thana.—Reaping of rabi crops nearly finished. State of standing crops good. Condition of fodder-supply and agricultural stock good.

Kolaba.—Rabi-burning in progress. Rabi harvest almost completed. Condition of agricultural stock fair.

Ratnagiri.—Reaping of summer crops in progress.

Poona.—Rain at Baramati 69 cents. Harvesting of rabi crops in progress. Land being prepared for next season in some villages of the Junnar and Indapur talukas and petha Mulshi of the Haveli Taluka. Prospects and probable outturn of crops vary from bad to indifferent. Fodder and water-supply insufficient throughout the district. Agricultural stock in fair condition. Prices steady. Numbers on relief works—Nira Cana', 214, including 20 children ; Warwand Tank, 83.

Ahmednagar.—Threshing of rabi crops continues. Ploughing for next season commenced. Agricultural stock in fair condition. Prices steady.

Sholapur.—(For week ending 2nd April)—Lands being prepared for the next season. Sugarcane crops in good condition. Sowing of hundi jowari crops in progress in the taluka of Malsiras. Prospects and probable outturn of crops fair. Fodder-supply insufficient. Agricultural stock not good. Scarcity of water in Sangola and Malsiras talukas.

Satara.—Harvesting of rabi crops almost over. Preparation of ground for next crops in progress. Water-supply insufficient in parts of Valva, Shirala, Khanapur, Kadegaon, Man, Khatav, Tasgaon and Khandala. Prices slightly risen in 4 talukas. Fodder dear. Condition of cattle middling.

Bijapur.—Rain in Bagevadi 7 cents. Weather sultry. Cotton picking operations completed. Preparation of land for next season continues. Water-supply insufficient except near streams and rivers. Fodder deficient. On Professional Agency relief work in Badami Taluka 96 adults and 9 children employed.

Belgaum.—Rain at Belgaum 25 cents. Cotton picking nearly completed. Ground being prepared for next season. Prices continue high. Scarcity of fodder in 4 talukas and of drinking water in parts of Athni, Gokak and Parasgad talukas. Cattle distressed. Numbers on one Professional Agency work in Gokak on 2nd, adults 269, children 288 ; expenditure Rs. 188 ; on one Professional Agency work in Athni, adults 55, children 60 ; expenditure Rs. 19 : on 2 Civil Agency work in Athni, adults 37 ; expenditure Rs. 44 : on one Civil Agency work in Parasgad, adults 160, children 58 ; expenditure Rs. 94.

Dharwar.—Scarcity of fodder in 8 and of water in 6 talukas. Picking of cotton nearly completed. Cattle distressed in Navalgund, Gadag and Ron talukas. Prices rising in 1 and stationary in 2 talukas. Numbers on Local Board Professional Agency works in Navalgund daily average 968 ; on Local Board Civil Agency works in Navalgund daily average 281.

Kanara.—Rice harvest nearly finished. Ground being prepared for monsoon crops.

Rajkot.—Threshing of wheat and cultivation of land for next monsoon in progress.

Wadhwan.—Cotton picking nearly completed. Agricultural stock good. Prices of food grains rather high. Drinking water sufficient.

HYDERABAD SEASON REPORTS.

THE following report on the state of crops and prospects of the season in the several districts of the Hyderabad Assigned Districts is published in the Hyderabad "Residency Orders" :—

Amraoti.—Weather fair. Threshing of kharif crops almost completed. Picking of cotton finished. Rabi crops in good condition. Fodder and water sufficient. Cattle suffering from foot and mouth disease in Chandur and Murtazapur talukas. Prices slightly fallen.

Akola.—Weather cool. Picking of cotton and threshing of jowari nearly completed. Rabi crops in good condition. Fodder and water sufficient except in Kurankhed circle of Akola taluka. Prices steady. Cattle suffering from hoof disease in parts of Akola and Akot talukas.

Ellichpur.—Warm and cloudy. Threshing of tur, gram, and lac in progress. Reaping of wheat nearly completed. Fodder in Ellichpur and water in Daryapur taluka insufficient. Cattle suffering from hoof disease in Daryapur and Ellichpur talukas. Prices unchanged.

Buldana.—Cold. Rabi crops in good condition. Fodder and water sufficient. Agricultural stock good.

Wun.—Warm. Reaping of wheat continues. Fodder and water sufficient. Cattle healthy. Price slightly fallen.

Basim.—Warm. Threshing of jowari continues in Mangrul taluka. Reaping of rabi crops almost completed. Cattle in good condition. Fodder and water sufficient. Prices high.

MR. HUME AND HIS FRIENDS.

THE *Statesman* is one of the latest to disown Mr. Hume. It says :—Though we cannot help feeling that it is much to be regretted that Mr. A. O. Hume's indiscreet letter of the 16th February, addressed to "every member of the Congress party," was ever written, and still more that it was circulated by the Allahabad Committee, the idea of some of our contemporaries that it seals the doom of the Congress party, can be accounted for only by the wish that is father to the thought. It is avowedly a mere expression of individual opinion, and not only *is it as such* and such alone that it has been circulated, but the letter of the Chairman of the Allahabad Committee, which was circulated along with it, makes it impossible for those to whom it is addressed to regard it in any other light. The latter letter shows that Bishumber Nath Pandit and his colleagues possessed a much juster perception of the true interests of the Congress party than Mr. Hume, and the pressure put upon the Committee by that gentleman to get them to reconsider their decision is even less creditable to his judgment than the original letter. We are not told what were the considerations which led the Committee to depart from their previous wise decision ; but we can readily imagine that they acted in the matter less out of deference to Mr. Hume's logic than from undue sensitiveness to his appeal to their moral courage. In one point, we cannot help thinking, the Allahabad Chairman was mistaken, and his mistake materially weakened the force of his letter. In spite of the great difference between opinion in England and in India in such matters, which is unquestionable, we do not believe that a document like Mr. Hume's circular will be regarded as wholly harmless, even in England. On the contrary, we have little doubt that it will be strongly condemned there by all moderate men ; and there are reasons why it is particularly unfortunate that it should have been published at the present juncture.

MAJOR A. SMITH, 22nd Bombay Infantry, has been appointed to act as Cantonment Magistrate at Ahmedabad, in addition to his military duties during the absence on furlough of Captain A. L. B. Hughes. Major Smith has also been appointed a Magistrate of the First Class, and a Justice of the Peace.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—APRIL 2.

Rugge, Price, Lt, Beng, R A, on duty.

APRIL 5.

Lambert, Capt, Beng, R H A, on leave.

APRIL 6.

Weldon, Col, Ms Staff Corps, en route to England, from Madras.

APRIL 7.

Nelson, Lt, Beng, Middlesex Regt, on duty, from Poona.
Mallins, Surg, Capt, Ms 1st Lancers, on leave, from Secunderabad.

DEPARTURES.—APRIL 2.

Bray, Lt, Bo, R A, on leave, to Kashmir.

APRIL 6.

Searle, Lt, 9th Bo I, on duty, to Mhow.
Preston, Capt, 1st Bo, Grenadiers, to join, to Baroda.

APRIL 7.

Weldon, Col, Ms, Staff Corps, to England.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR G. W. ROUGHTON, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 8th April, 1892.

1. The competition for prizes presented by Major G. W. Roughton will take place at Coorla to-morrow, Saturday, in the morning and afternoon. Trains leave the Victoria Terminus at 5-30 a.m., and at 3, 3-30 and 4 p.m. (local time), and Byculla at 5-40 a.m., and at 3-10, 3-40, and 4-10 p.m. (local time.)

2. Members who do not intend to take part in the above competition are requested to return their arms and accoutrements to Head-Quarters at once.

By order,
(Sd.) J. SANDERS SLATER, Lieut.,
Acting Adjt., B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT-COL. THE HON. J. J. WILEY, COMMANDING B. V. R.

Bombay, 8th April, 1892.

1. The Company Competitions for H. E. the Governor's Prizes will take place at 1-30 p.m. on Saturday, the 9th instant, on the Esplanade, opposite the Gymkhana. The Officers and Volunteers of the competing teams will wear red uniform, helmets, arms and accoutrements. Officers and Volunteers present as spectators may wear white with swords or side arms.

Members who are at the Tram Terminus at Colaba, Parel Road, Grant Road and Girgaum at 3-30 p.m. and those met on the way will have their fares paid. Members defraying their own fares will be refunded the amount on applying after parade to the Instructors and producing their Tram Tickets.

Cadets will be conveyed in special Tram Cars on Saturday, the 9th instant, as follows:—

St. Mary's School :—One single car to leave Victoria Gardens at 3-30 p.m.

Byculla School :—One single car to leave Victoria Gardens at 3-30 p.m.

2. RULES FOR HIS EXCELLENCY LORD HARRIS'S CUPS.

I. The Competition will take place between squads of eight files, one officer and four N-C officers, all of whom must belong to the Company. Only one squad to be sent from each Company. There being two Cups the Volunteer Companies will compete together and the Cadet Companies will also compete together. The competition will take place at the end of the drill season.

II. If a Company wins the Cup three years in succession, the Cup becomes the property of that Company.

III. The order in which the Companies will compete will be drawn for immediately before the Competition.

IV. Points will be given for the following :—
Inspecting and Proving.
Precision of movements.
Smartness and correctness of dress.
Cleanliness of arms and accoutrements, and a certain number of movements in Company drill (the same for all the Companies), which will be specified on the ground by the Officer judging the competition.

The Tennent Memorial Challenge Cup will be fired for on the Range at Cooria on Monday morning, the 11th instant. The following are the names who are allowed to compete :—

Major R S Brown	Lieut T M English
Lieut F W English	Lieut D J Sharp
Qr-Mr-Sergt W Stephens	Sergt-Major of Musty J Limpus
Ar-Sergt W Boylette	
Cr-Sergt E Sands	Cr-Sergt H Black
Cr-Sergt E W Fern	Cr-Sergt E W Thomas
Sergt F Wilton	Sergt J Keese
Sergt A Monk	Sergt C B Robinson
Sergt A R Sharp	Sergt R W Penington
Sergt W D Small	Sergt W H Brewer.
Corpl J W Gordon	Corpl J W Gordon
Corpl G F Lund	Corpl J A McKinnon
Corpl J Cummings	Corpl J J D'Souza
Lce-Corpl M Ward	Lce-Corpl H W Prescott
Vol J M Mason	Vol A Batterton
Vol J W Lawrence	Vol E W Pyrke
Vol H A Sharp	Vol L Valladares
Lce-Corpl T Thurley	Vol A Hallums

4. Extract from District and Garrison Orders, No. 1383. Review Parade.—The General Officer Commanding has much pleasure in announcing that His Excellency the Viceroy expressed himself much pleased at the general appearance and turn-out of the Troops (Regulars and Volunteers) on the occasion of the Review by his Excellency on Saturday last. The General Officer Commanding takes this opportunity of thanking the Brigadiers, their staff, and Commanding Officers of Regiments for their assistance, and especially are his thanks due to the Bombay Volunteer Corps which joined in the parade, and by their numbers and turn-out added so much to the general appearance of the parade.

5. There will be Company drill for "D" Company behind the Telegraph Quarters to-day, at 5-30 p.m. All members are requested to be present with rifles.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

1. Members are requested to return to Head-Quarters, without delay, their military saddles, bridles, arms, accoutrements and carbine buckets.

By order,
(Sd.) T. W. C. LEATHEM, Major,
and Adjutant, Bo. Vol. Rifles.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, April 7.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Conductor W Atherton, Mil W Dept (Barrack Branch), is permitted to retire from the Service.

Conductor A Coghlan, Ord Dept, is permitted to retire from the Service.

Lieut J A Hannington, 1st Batn Worcestershire Regt, is appointed a Probationer for the Ind S C.

The undermentioned officer has been permitted by the Secy of State for India to return to duty :—Brigade-Surg-Lieut-Col R Bowman, Ind Medical Service.

The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the Leave Rules for the S C, the specified period to count from date of being struck off duty :—Col H B Jacob, S C, for one year.

The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the Leave Rules for the S C, the specified period to count from date of being struck off duty :—Lieut-Col W S Hore, Geral List, Infy, Comdt, 20th B Infy, for one year.

The undermentioned Medical officers having completed twelve years' service, to be Surgns-Major :—Surg Capt H P Dimmock and Surg-Capt C B Maitland.

The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the Leave Rules for the S C, the specified period to count from date of being struck off date :—Captain A L Yate, S C, Wing Comdr, 29th B Infy, for six months.

Lieut M L Hornby, 1st Batn East Lancashire Regt, is appointed a Probationer for the Ind S C.

The following promotion in the Native Army is made :—5th Bo Cavy :—Jamadar Sheikh Abdul Hamid to be Woordie-Major vice Woordie-Major Abdul Rashid Khan, reverted to Jamadar.

Second Lieut C H Alexander, Ind S C, has been granted by the Secy of State for India leave on medical certificate for six months.

The undermentioned officer has been granted by the Secy of State for India an extension of leave for the period specified :—Lieut M F A Sexton, Ind S C, six months, medical certificate.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

The Rev C H Lowis, B A, Chaplain of Deesa and Abu, is granted furlough for one year.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to make the following appointments :—Major J W Wray to act as Pol Supt, Savantvadi, during the absence of Col H L Nutt, or pending further orders. Lieut P Z Cox to act as Asst Pol Agent, Southern Maratha Country, vice Major Wray.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr Jethala Varajbhai to be Native Asst to the Pol Supt, Palanpur.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

The Govr in Council is pleased to invest Rao Saheb Ganesh Dadaji Deshmukh, Second Class Subordinate Judge of Chiplun, within the local limits of the ordinary jurisdiction of the Subordinate Court of Chiplun, with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes.

Rao Bahadur Anupram Bamukund, Huzur Depy Colr in the district of Khandesh, is appointed to be a Mag of a Second Class in that dist.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to authorize Azam Ramchandera Sitharao, Mahalkari of petha Mungod in the district of Kanara, to exercise within that petha the powers of a Mamlatdar under the Mamlatdars' Courts Act.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to invest Mr A Lucas, Sub-divisional Mag in the dist of Khandesh, with power to call for records of inferior Criminal Courts situate within the local limits of his jurisdiction.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Lieut C O C Tanner, Cons Mag, of Hyderabad, to be a Justice of the Peace within and for the territories subject to the Govt of Bombay other than the Presidency Town of Bombay.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Major A Smith, 22nd Bo I, to act as Cant Mag at Ahmedabad, in addition to his military duties, during the absence on furlough of Capt A L B Hughes, or pending further orders.

H E in Council is further pleased to appoint Major A Smith, to be a Mag of the First Class within the limits of military cantonment of Ahmedabad, and a Justice of the Peace within and for the territories subject to the Government of Bombay other than the Presidency Town of Bombay.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to invest Mr H S Lawrence, C S, Asst Colr and Magt of the Second Class in the dist of Kaira, with additional power.

The Govr in Council is pleased to authorize Mr W C Weld and Mr P H Dastur, Third and Fourth Presidency Magistrates, respectively, to exercise the powers conferrible on Presidency Magistrates other than the Chief Presidency Magistrate under Section 202 of the Code of Criminal Procedure 1882.

Mr A H Plunkett, City Magistrate of Poona, is allowed privilege leave for two months. Rao Saheb Sakharam Chimnaji Joshi, Mamlatdar of the Poona City and Magistrate of the First Class, is appointed to act as City Magistrate of Poona, during the absence of Mr Plunkett, or until further orders. Rao Saheb Joshi is appointed to be the Magistrate in charge of the Sub-division comprising the limits of the Poona City Municipality and the Poona Suburban Municipality.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to make the following appointments :—Ramchandra Ganesh Sakharam Hingne to be Third Grade Extra Asst Consr of Forests :—J Baptista, L C E, A C Robinson, L C E, B G Deshpande, V D P Rebeiro, L C E, Ardeshir Nasarvanji Master, L C E, to be Fourth Grade Extra Asst Cons of Forests.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr J L Jenkins, Ind C S, to be Asst Commsr in Sind, vice Mr J Pollen, but to continue to act as Colr and Dist Magt, Broach, and Dist Rgr, Broach, and to be Member and President of the Local Board established for the Broach Dist, pending further orders ; and to cancel the appointment of Mr J Sladen, Ind C S, to be Asst Comr in Sind, substantive pro tem, made by Gov Notification No 1930, dated 19th March 1892.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint—Mr R C Wroughton to act as Consvtr of Forests, Southern Circle, during the absence of Mr J L Laird MacGregor, or pending further orders ; Mr F Gleadow to act as Divl Forest Officer, Poona, vice Mr R C Wroughton, pending further orders ; Mr R P Ryan to hold charge of the office of Divl Forest Officer, Dharwar, in addition to his own duties, pending Mr Hight's return from leave.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr W W Loch, Ind C S, on relief by Mr A D Carey, to act as Comsr, ND, during the absence of Mr Spence, on privilege leave, or pending further orders.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Surgeon-Major W K Hatch, MB, CM, FRCS, to act as Senior Medl Officer, in charge, Jamshedji Jijibhai Hospital and Senior Surg, Jamshedji Jijibhai Hospital, during the absence of Brigade-Surgeon-Lieut-Col W Gray, or pending further orders.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr A C Logan, Ind C S, to be First Asst, vice Mr Jenkins.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTIFICATIONS, APPOINTMENTS, &c.

BY HER MAJESTY'S HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE.

Appellate Side.

The Honourable the Chief Justice and Judges of H M's High Court of Judicature at Bombay have been pleased to issue to Mr Subbaji Shesgir Phadnis, BA, LL B, a Sanad authorizing him to practise as a Pleader in the Courts of the Belgaum District.

BY THE COMMISSIONERS.

Northern Division.

During the absence of Rao Saheb Keshav N rayen Joshi, Head Accountant at Thana, on leave without pay for six months, the following appointments have been made :—Rao Saheb Annaji Krishna, Fourth Grade Head Accnt, to be substantive pro tem, Third Grade, at Thana. Mr C P Ramswamy, Depy Accnt at Ahmednabad, to be substantive pro tem, Fifth Grade, Head Accnt at Surat. Rao Saheb Maneklal Ajubhai, probationery Fourth Grade Mamlatdar of Pardi in the Surat District, is confirmed in his appointment.

GENERAL ORDERS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF IN INDIA.

The C-in-C in India is pleased to make the following appointments :—

Presidency Dist-Sug-Col R Harvey, DSO, from the administrative medl charge of the Punjab Frontier Force to the administrative medical charge, vice Surg-Col J C Morice, proceeded on leave pending appointment as Depy Secy Mil W Dept—On vacating his appointment, Major J E Broadbent, to the Govt of India, in the Mil Dept, Major and Brevet-Lieut-Col R E, is posted to the Head-Quarters of the Director-General of Mil Works.

Lieut E M Paul, RE, is transferred, as a temporary measure, from the Presidency and Oudh Command to the Mad Comd, and is directed to proceed to Rangoon.

On arrival in India, the undermentioned officers of Royal Engineers are posted as stated opposite their names :—2nd Lieut A H Cunningham, Meerut Command, Jhansi ; 2nd Lieut R H West, Meerut Comd, Roorkee ; H H Turner, Bo Comd, Karachi ; R H Macdonald, qualified for the rank of Major, Mad Comd, Belgaum.

The undermentioned officer has qualified as noted against his name :—Capt D MacDougall, 17th Dragoon Guards.

The undermentioned have passed the Lower Standard examination in Hindustani :—Lieut H Coape-Smith, 4th Bengl Lancers ; L A G Hanmer, 1st Punjb Cavy ; F T T Moore, 19th Bengl Infy ; 2nd Lieut G W G Lindsay, 1st Batn Bedfordshire Regt.

The undermentioned officers passed the examination in the Parvatiya (colloquial) language at Manipur on the 3rd March 1892 :—Capt M A Kerr, 1-1st Gurkha Rifles (attached 42 Gurkha Rifles ; Lieut C H Clay, 43 Gurkha Rifles.

The undermentioned officer is granted leave to England :—1-1st Batn East Surrey Regt—Capt E G Bayliss, for twelve months, on private affairs.

The undermentioned officers have leave of absence :

Bedfordshire Regt—Lieut A R Finlay, Offg Wing Officer, on probation, 1st Batn 4th Gurkha

PURE PERSONALITIES.

MR. WOLFF, the new member for Belfast, who took the oath and his seat on the 14th ult., is a thin, low-sized man, with grizzled whiskers, dark eyes, and prominent nose. He is a partner in the shipbuilding firm of Sir Edmund Harland, who was one of his introducers, and who also represents Belfast. Mr. Wolff is a German by birth, who has been naturalised. He speaks English fluently, but his accent is distinctly foreign. Very frequently new members on going to the table to be sworn kiss the Testament before the clerk reads out the oath to them. Mr. Wolff made an amusing departure from the ordinary procedure. He mistook a stray volume of Hansard, that happened to be lying on the table, for a Testament, and kissed it with a business-like fervor that created great merriment. The cheers that greeted Mr. Wolff as he walked up the floor of the House were feeble, notwithstanding Colonel Waring's stentorian contribution. A far different reception greeted Mr. Dalziel, a tall, athletic young man on the "Scottish Leader" staff, full of energy, and only in his twenty-fourth year, the new Radical member for Kirkcaldy in Sir George Campbell's place. Mr. Dalziel, who is a sturdy Scot, has made his own way in life. His election has given great gratification to his brethren of the Press.

Is her Majesty the Queen anything of a bibliophile? That she is a great reader, and fond of the inside of books, everybody knows. But has she also a taste for the outsides? Let us hope so, in order that she may properly enjoy the dainty splendour of presentation copies! We mentioned the other day that her Majesty was an admirer of Miss Marie Corelli's novels. The new "psychological romance" by that authoress, entitled "The Soul of Lilith," is now in the Queen's hands. The special copy prepared for her Majesty is in three volumes, and has been artistically bound by Rivière in finely grained pale blue morocco, having the Imperial arms stamped on the covers in gold. The interiors are faced with rich white watered silk, bordered with gold, and the title-page of the first volume bears the author's signature.

The death of the Grand Duke of Hesse (writes a correspondent) reminds me of a little incident which happened when the Princess Alice was still alive and the Grand Ducal menage was conducted with the simplicity of a middle-class German household. The little daughters of the Grand Duke and Princess Alice had been on their first visit to England, and were quite overwhelmed with the grandeur of Windsor Castle. The youngest of the visitors, on reaching home, rushed to her governess, and, mixing the two languages she knew in her breathless excitement, burst out, "Meine Grassmama, die Konigin von England, has a watch with a little bird in it." A watch ornamented with a diamond bird was the most marvellously beautiful thing the little granddaughter of the Queen had ever seen.

It is only natural, and quite in the usual course of things, that a Pollock, being in holy orders, should become a canon residentiary at the mature age of forty. Mr. Herbert Charles Pollock is the eldest son of the last of the Barons, and was born on the day that the Great Exhibition was opened. In due course he went to the Bar; very considerately, however, he left the honours, and rewards of the profession to others of the great "clan," and, resolving to conquer new worlds for it, he went into the Church, and some short nine years ago was ordained deacon. Last year he obtained the vicarage of West Hackney from the Bishop of London, and now the Lord Chancellor has given him the stall at Rochester, in succession to Canon Burrows, who had himself received it from Lord Selborne after five-and-forty years of service in the Church. Thus does the Church, in common with the Law, the Army, Medicine and Surgery, and Literature, shower its honours upon this strenuous and successful race. And the cry is, "Still they come!"

Bishop Ellicott has appointed Bishop Marsden (late of Bathurst) to be his episcopal assistant in the Bristol division of his diocese, and he will undertake confirmations and all other routine work. Bishop Marsden is well known in this part of the diocese, as he has resided at Tyndall's Park, Clifton, during the last six years. Bishop Marsden is not to be the suffragan of the diocese of Gloucester and Bristol, but merely a sort of episcopal curate. A suffragan cannot be appointed without the permission of the Crown, and the bishop who makes the application cannot nominate his assistant, but is required to send in two names. Bishop Ellicott was regarded with much favour by Lord Beaconsfield, who nominated him for the Primacy in 1868, when Archbishop Longley died; but the Queen insisted upon appointing Dr. Tait, whose promotion had been strongly urged by Dean Stanley. Ten years later Lord Beaconsfield sent in Bishop Ellicott's name for the see of Durham, but the Queen selected Dr. Lightfoot.

The death of Mr. Sidney Woolf, Q.C., makes way for a new "leader" in bankruptcy. Mr. Wolf enjoyed a very large and lucrative practice, and was a hardworking, painstaking man. Few lawyers had a sharper scent for a clever piece of subtle commercial villainy, and his razor-like style of cross-examination made many an expert rascal feel miserable for the nonce. He was a tall, thin, lithe man, and with eager, searching eyes. Mr. Woolf will be remembered by some people as the defender of some of the culprits in the ship Linnie mutiny case tried at the Old Bailey many years ago. The captain and the first and second mates were killed, and one of the rascals who turned Queen's evidence admitted, in answer to counsel, that he stood and looked on while the first mate was being murdered, because he had been disappointed at not seeing the captain killed. Mr. Woolf's sound knowledge of law and practice was largely due to the fact that he was a solicitor before he sought admission to the Bar.

Lord Denbigh was quiet, moderate, and much esteemed by his friends. In early life he became a Roman Catholic, and was hardly ever heard of in public life afterwards. Once, however, he emerged from his chosen obscurity, and made a speech which may almost be said to have reverberated throughout the length and breadth of the land—the memorable one, namely, in which he declared himself to be "a Catholic first and an Englishman afterwards." It is probable that undue importance was attached to the unguarded utterance of an unpractised speaker, but the phrase was caught up, applauded, repudiated, criticised, and argued about—raising, in fact, a perfect storm of controversy. Lord Denbigh was by descent a Hapsburg, and the Emperor of Austria accounted him as "my cousin." His ideal was—and to a great extent he lived up to it—"Fais ce que dois, advienne que pourra."

Sir Francis Knollys did not benefit to the extent affirmed by rumor under Sir Oscar Clayton's will. He certainly got £5,000, and Miss Charlotte Knollys is to have an annuity; but the bulk of the £150,000, which was as much the result of shrewd speculation as of professional savings, goes to a devoted attendant and a niece. Dr. Hickman also has good cause to remember his old colleague, as he gets the two houses in Harley-street, with a legacy, and becomes Sir Oscar's professional executor. When Sir Oscar died it was believed that he had left a large share of his fortune to the Prince of Wales, but this proved as illusory as the Duke of Teck's expectations from Mr. Tollemache. Even Sir Oscar Clayton's is not the greatest medical estate of the year. Mr. John Morgan, of Sussex-place, left £157,000, but this had other sources than his practice as a surgeon.

The Archdeconry of the East Riding has been resigned by the Bishop of Hall, who had held the office for nineteen years. The Archbishop of York has appointed the Rev. James Palmes, Proctor in Convocation for the clergy of Cleveland, to be Dr. Blunt's successor, and he is the first decidedly High Churchman who has held such an office in the diocese. Archdeacon Palmes has recently resigned the valuable rectory of Escrick (Lord Wenlock's family living which he had held since 1868, when he succeeded that popular ecclesiastic, the Rev Stephen Lawley.

The engagement of Mr. Edward William Berkeley-Portman, eldest son of Lord Portman, to Mrs. Eustace Vesey is announced. Mr. Portman is heir not only to his fathers peerage, but to the Portman property in Marylebone and to the family estates in Dorsetshire and Somersetshire. Mrs. Vesey, who is a sister of Lord Wenlock and a niece of the Duke of Westminster and the Duchess of Northumberland, was married in 1877 to Captain Eustace Vesey, of the 9th Lancers, who died in 1886. Her son is heir to the peerage and estates of his uncle, Lord de Vesci.

Mr. Michael Biddulph, who has allowed twenty-seven years to elapse between his first and second speeches in the House, is a very prosperous man, whose good fortune has been exceptional. He has had several large accessions of wealth as a legatee, and his estates have grown to quite a great extent in consequence. Two or three years ago a lady in Gloucestershire, to whom his relationship had been of a merely official character, left him in her will what in itself was a large fortune; and his tenant-roll is now a long one. He is a typical country squire, and he has linked himself by marriage with the titled section of the aristocracy. Silent though he be in the House, Mr. Biddulph is not quite so full of the golden virtue outside. His voice is often heard in the councils of Herefordshire, where he lives.

By the death of Lord Hampden the Lord-Lieutenancy of Sussex is at the disposal of Lord Salisbury. Sussex is peculiarly rich in county magnates, including the Duke of Richmond, the Duke of Norfolk, the Marquis of Abergavenny, the Earls of Chichester, Sheffield, and Egmont, Lord Leconfield, Lord Brassey and others. The choice may be said to lie between Goodwood, Arundel, and Petworth, but the claims of the Duke of Richmond would appear to be paramount.

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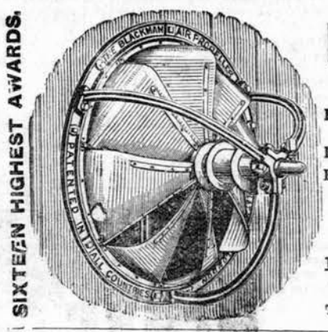

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«D'GAY, *Gazette des Hôpitaux.*»

From *The Lancet March,* 12th. 1887.

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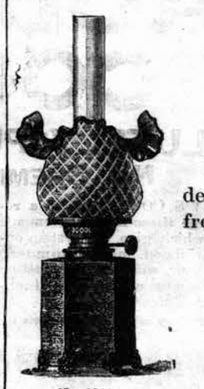

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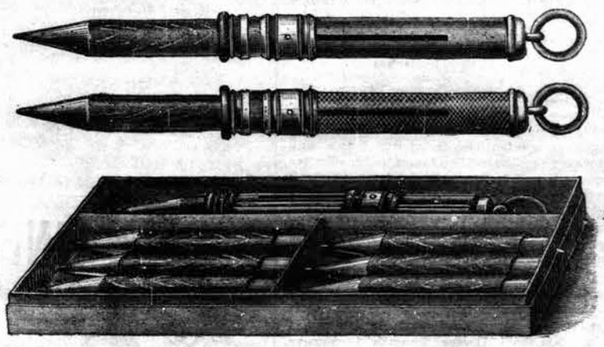

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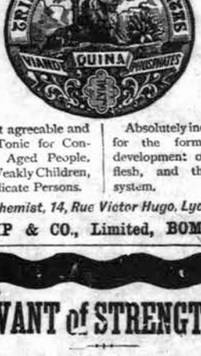

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